



Understanding and accelerating changes in energy use

Oxford Energy Seminar
7 November 2023
Phil Grünewald

edol.uk



Where we left off last week...



"GB demand will be **assumed to be 570 TWh**/year in 2050,
although some results will
also be reported based on
simple models of demands of
440 TWh/year and 700 TWh/year."





Strategic Assessment of the Role and Value of Energy Storage Systems in the UK Low Carbon Energy Future

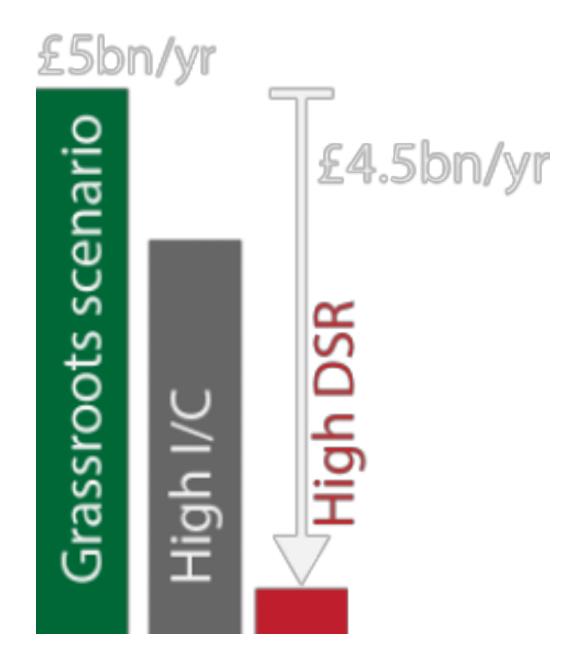
Report for the Carbon Trust

June 2012

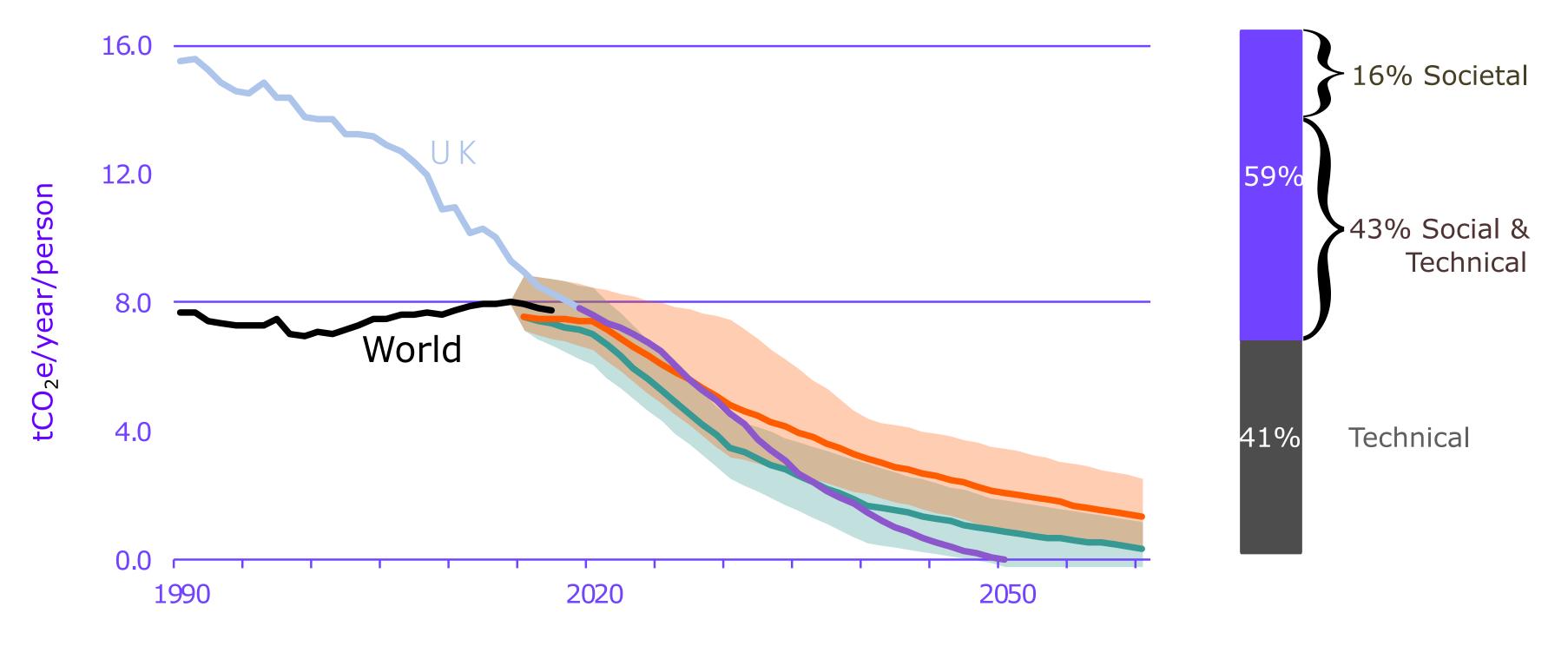
Goran Strbac, Marko Aunedi, Danny Pudjianto, Predrag Djapic, Fei Teng, Alexander Sturt, Dejvises Jackravut, Robert Sansom, Vladimir Yufit, Nigel Brandon

Energy Futures Lab, Imperial College EDF UK R&D Centre

Demand matters



Demand matters: it's the society, stupid



Source: Climate Change Committee. The UK's path to net zero. The sixth carbon budget, Climate Change Committee, December 2020

Understanding demand

the hard way



EDDI

JoyMeter.uk



App

Attach me to your electricity meter.
Put the city on the right-most cable.

2 Leave me there.
While you record activities, I take electricity readings.

3 Return me and your activity booklet(s) in the pre-paid envelope.

If you are unsure, please contact philipp grunewald@oute.ox.ac.uk before approaching your meter.

Property of ONE ORD

CAD (Consumer Access Device)

Current clamp

Diary



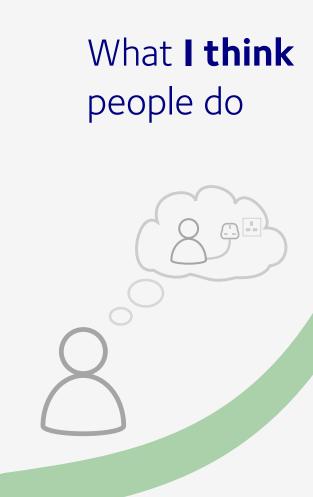
Energy demand research is evolving

No data

Assume

& model





Some data

Interpolate & scale up

What **people** think they do



Big data

Ask ChatGPT & analyse

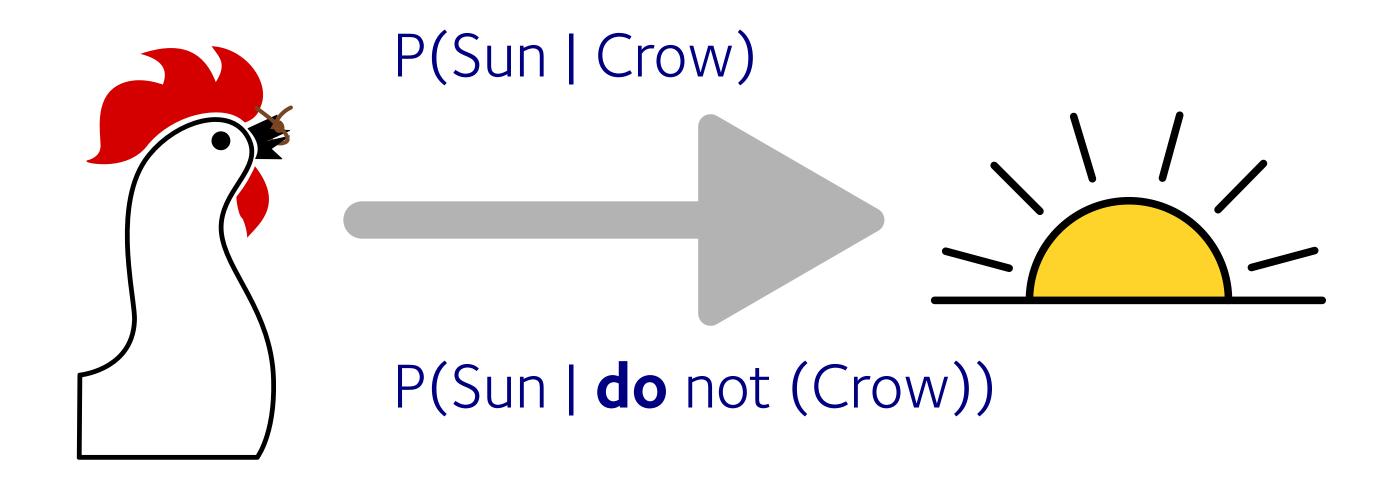
What **data** says people do



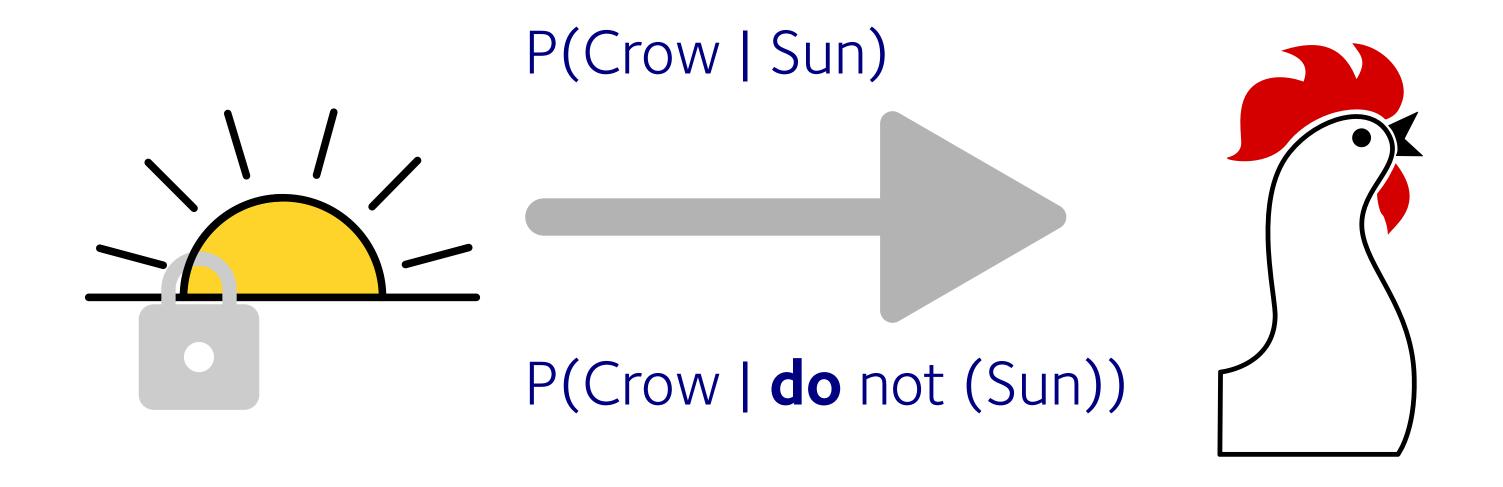


Judea Pearl

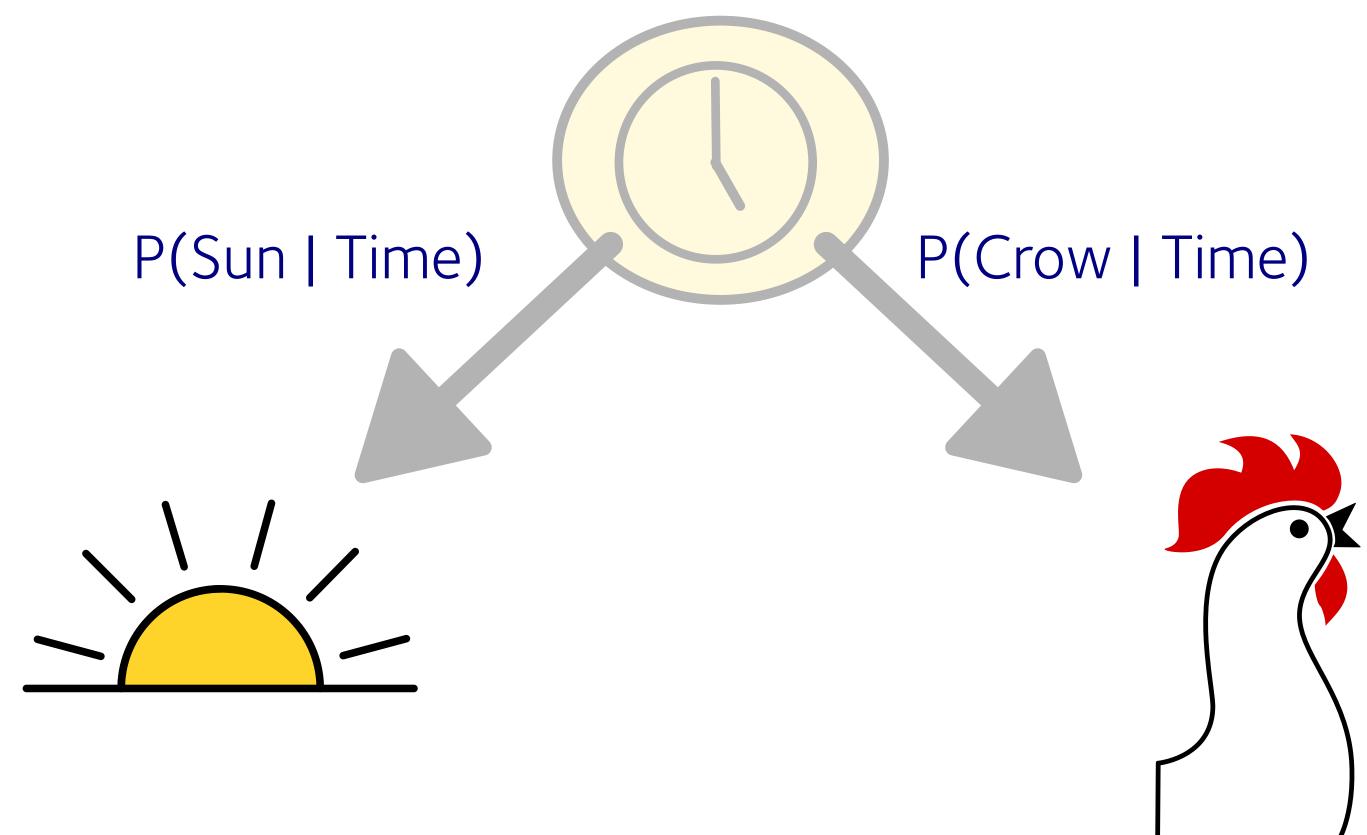
What causes the sun to rise?



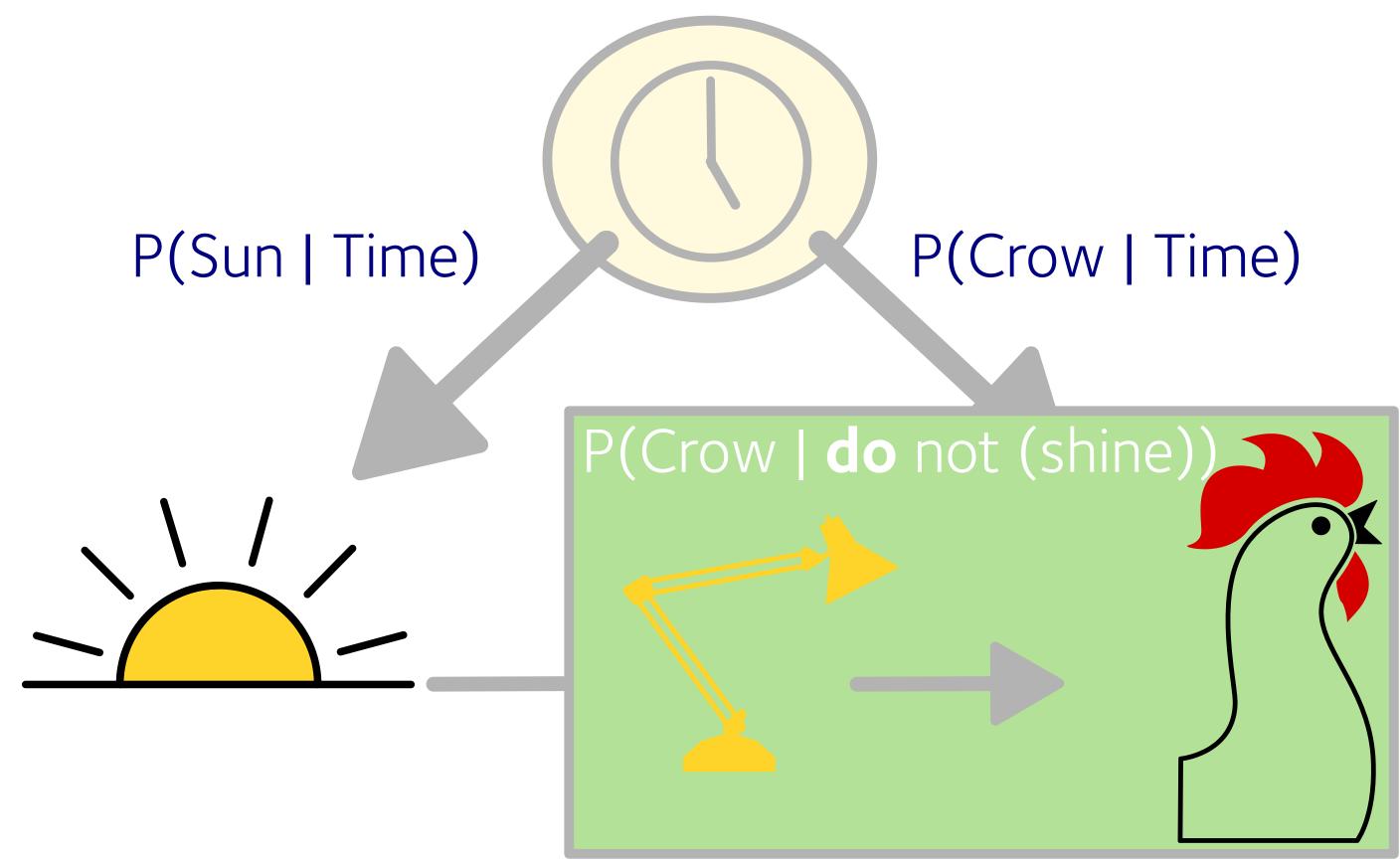
What causes the the cockerill to crow?



How to eliminate confounders?



How to eliminate confounders?



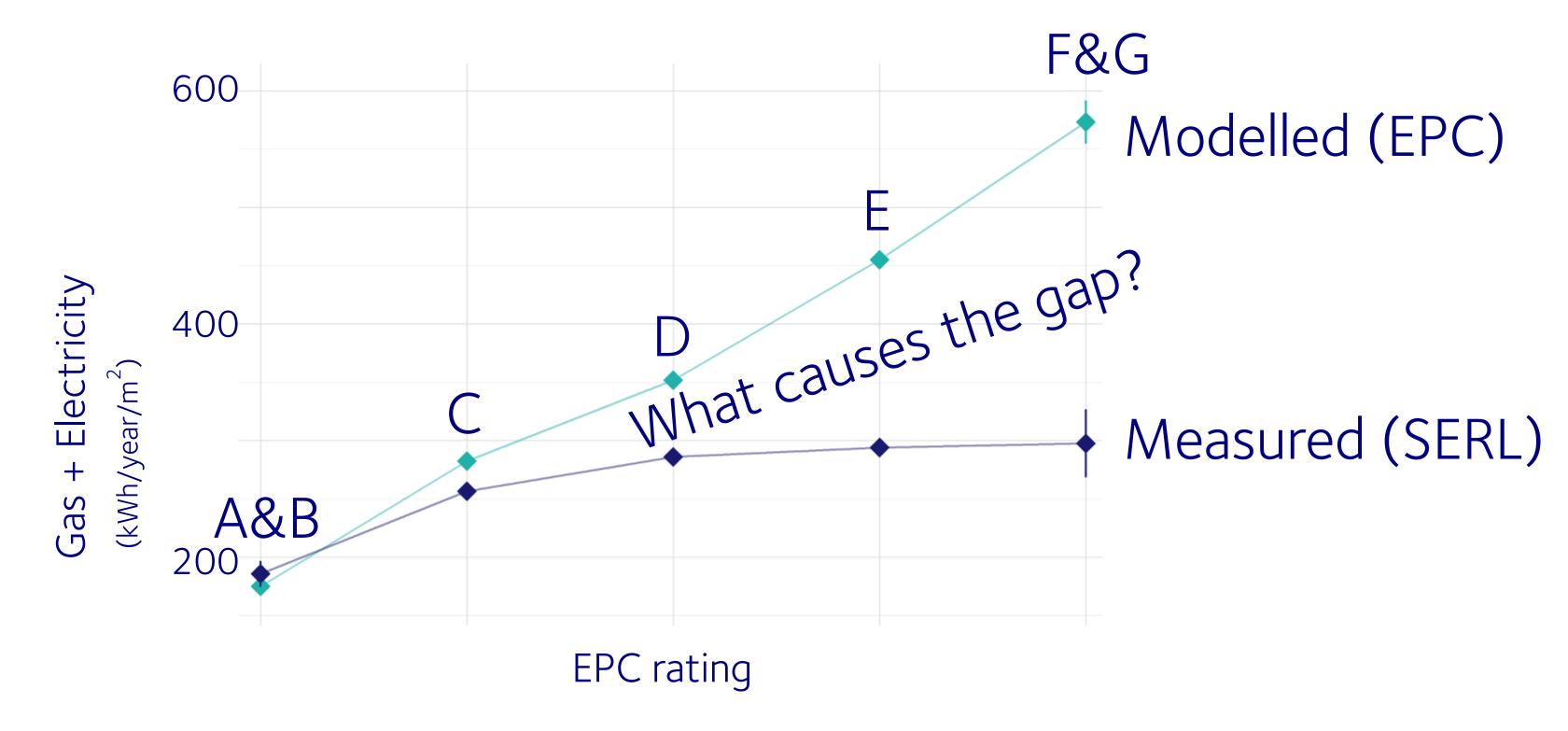
To understand causes we need (up to) three things

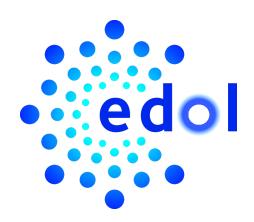
Causal model

Observation

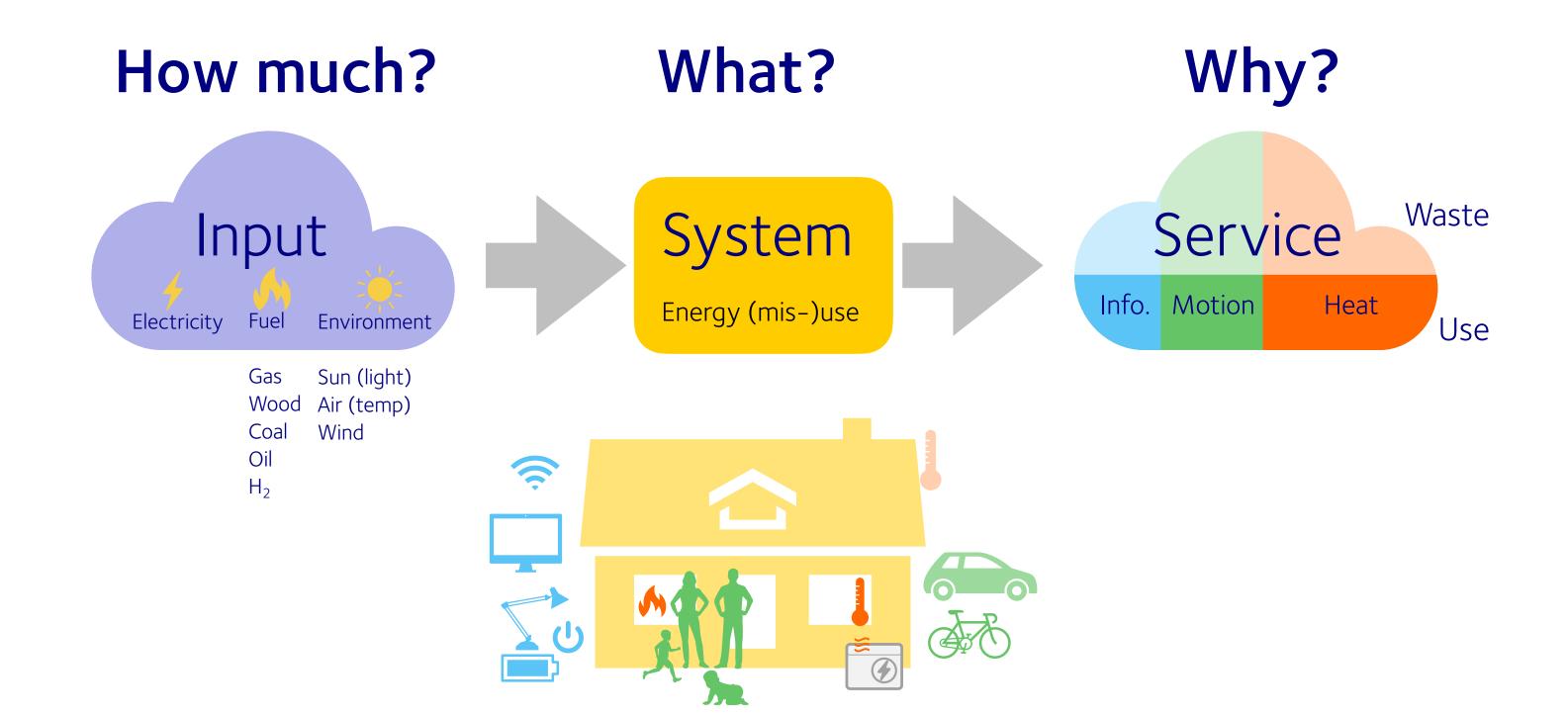
Do something

Model vs Reality: EPCs are poor preditors of demand

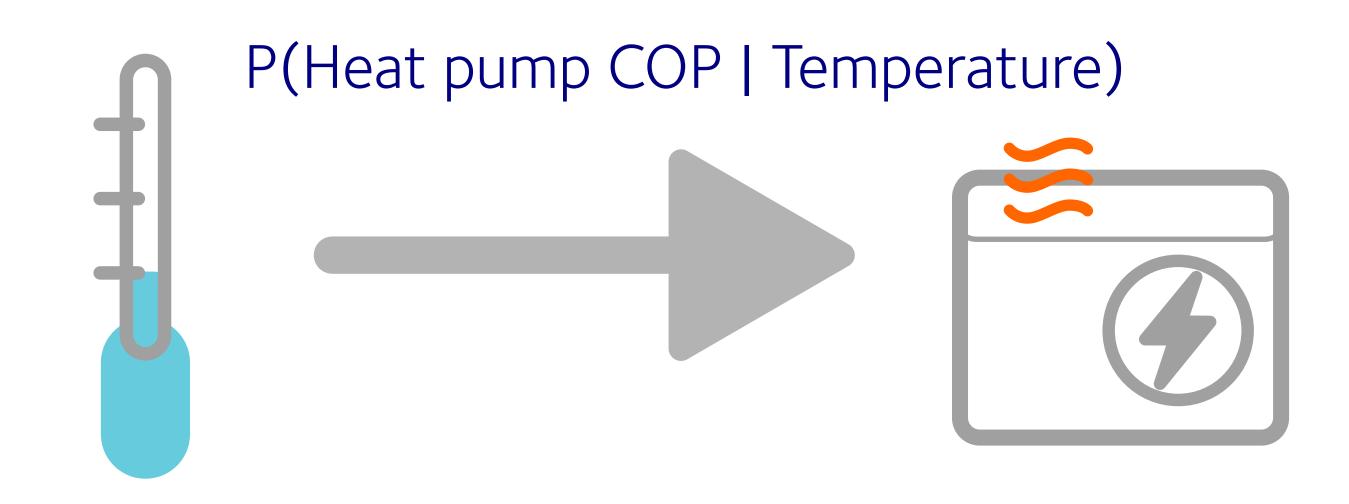




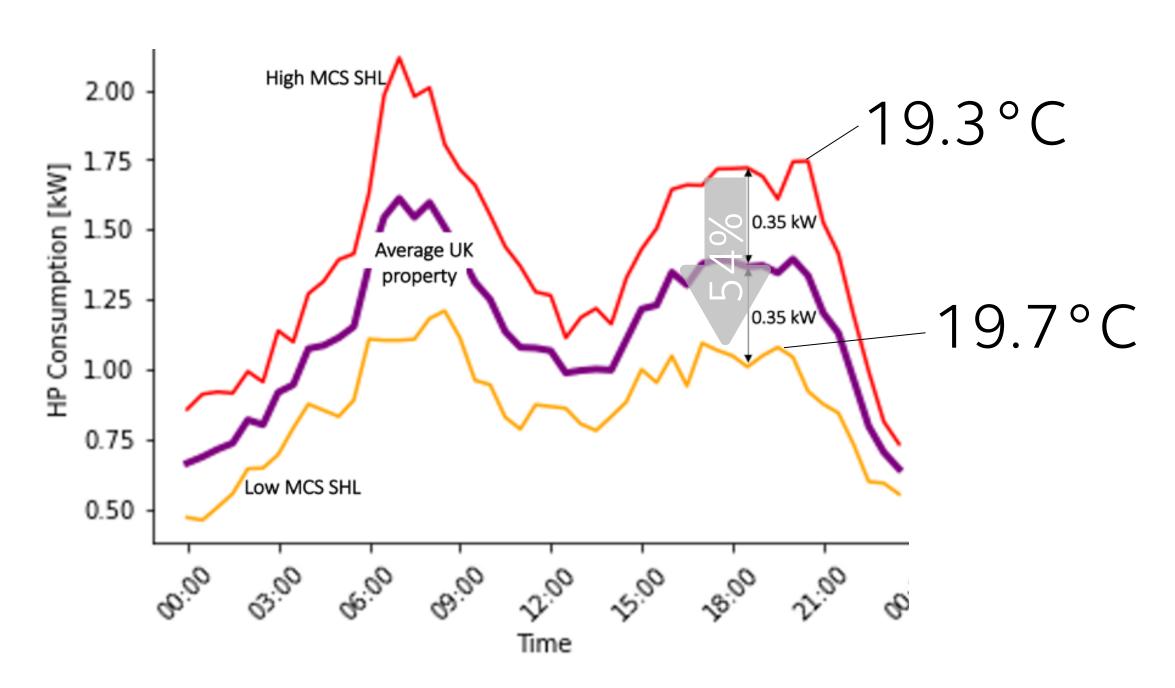
To change energy use we need to understand energy use



No data: I think... heat pumps don't work on cold days

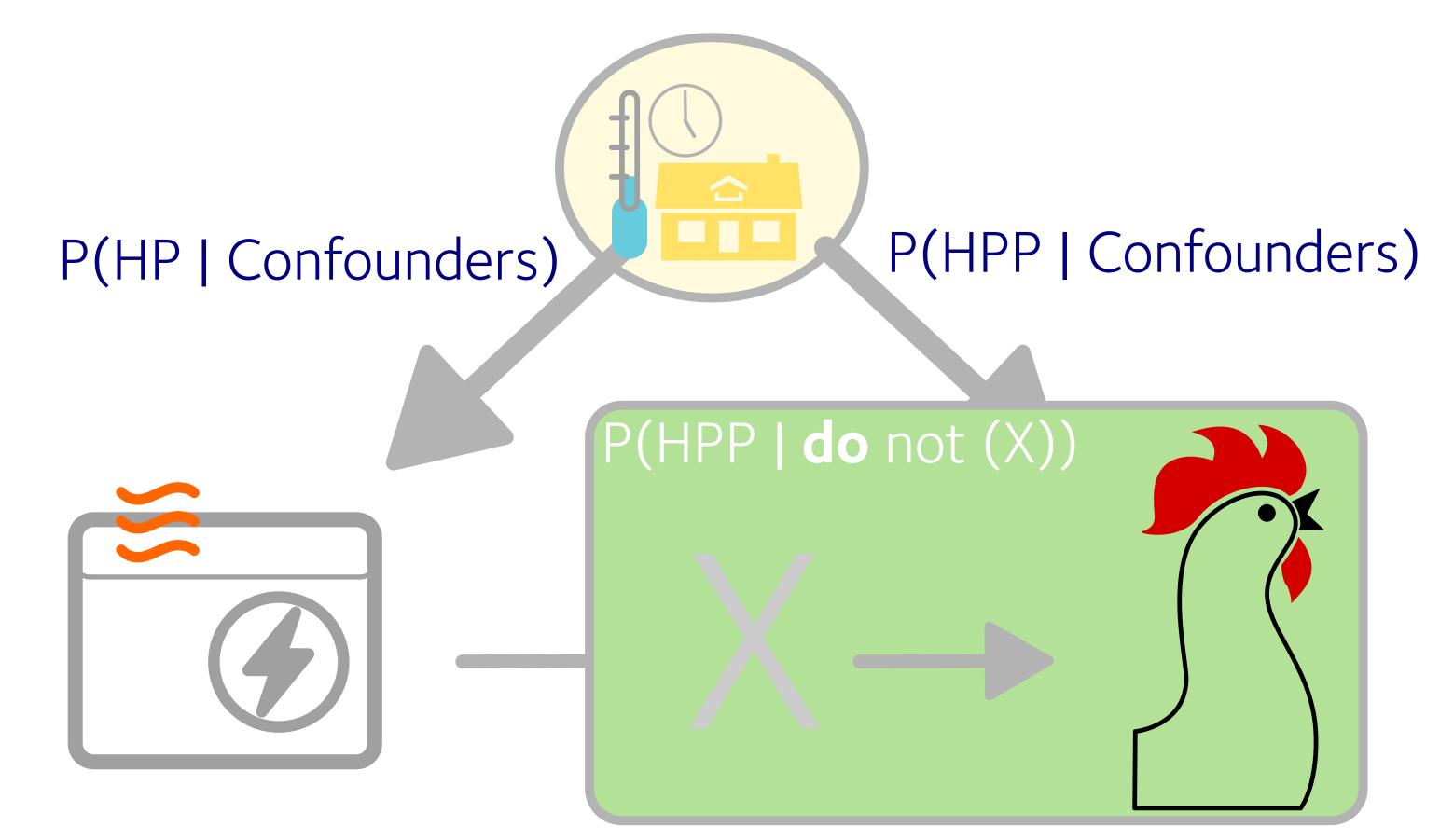


Some data: heat pumps work on cold days and even better in efficient homes



Credit: Sofia Perelli-Rocco, Energy Systems MSc 2022/23 and ChatGPT

Big data: What improves heat pump performance?



Observation is not enough - make a change

Understanding Demand

Changing Demand

No data

What do I think people do

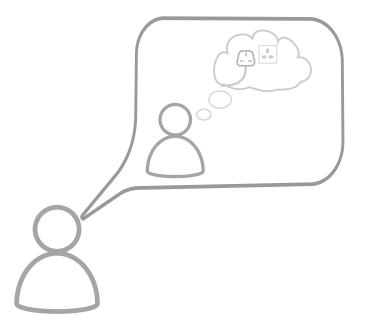
What I think people would do, if...



Little data

What do **peope** think they do

What **peope** think they **would** do, if...



Big data

What does **data** say people do

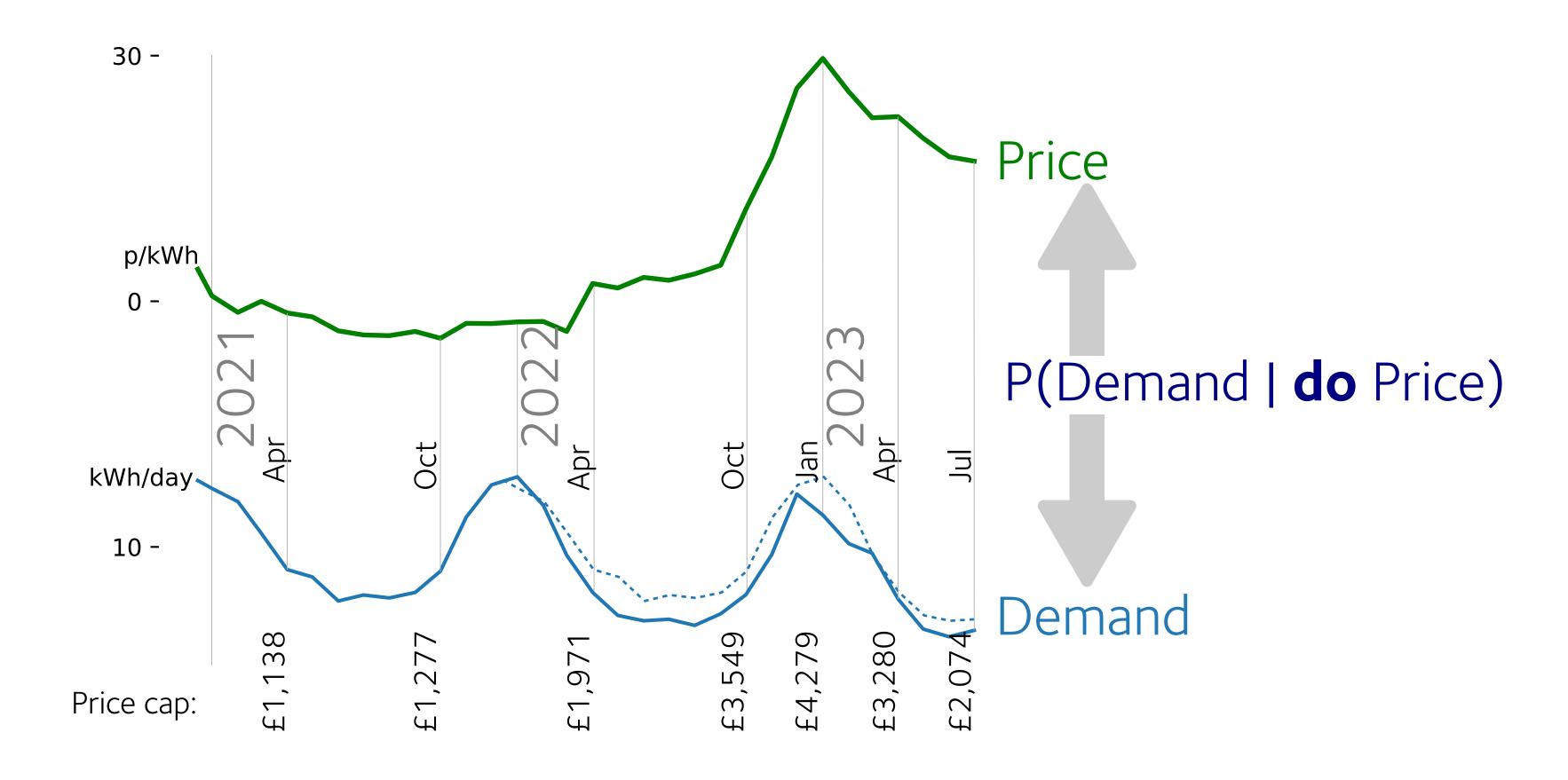
What **data** says people **did do**, when...



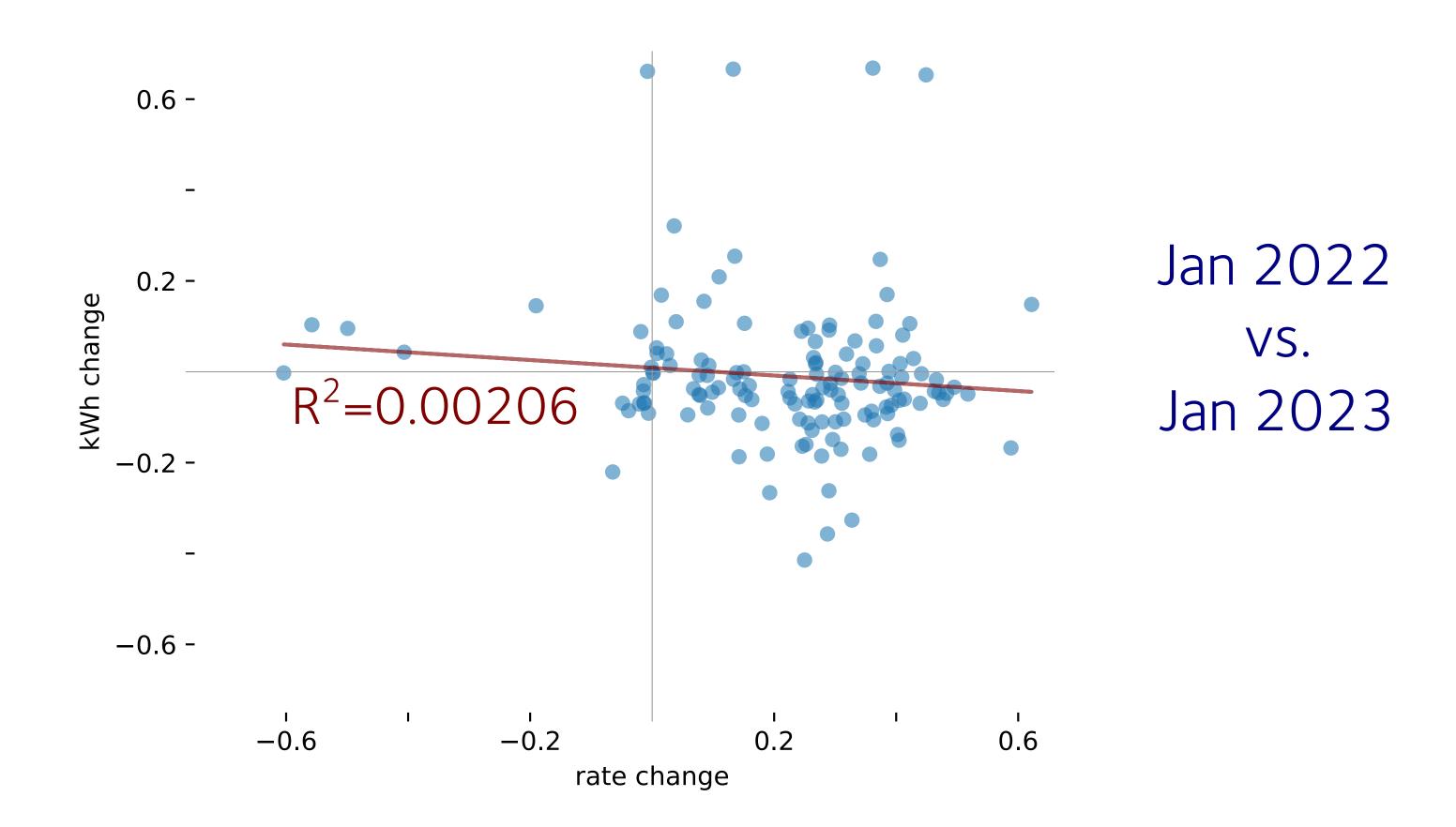
No data: I think... demand falls when prices rise



Little data: demand falls when prices rise

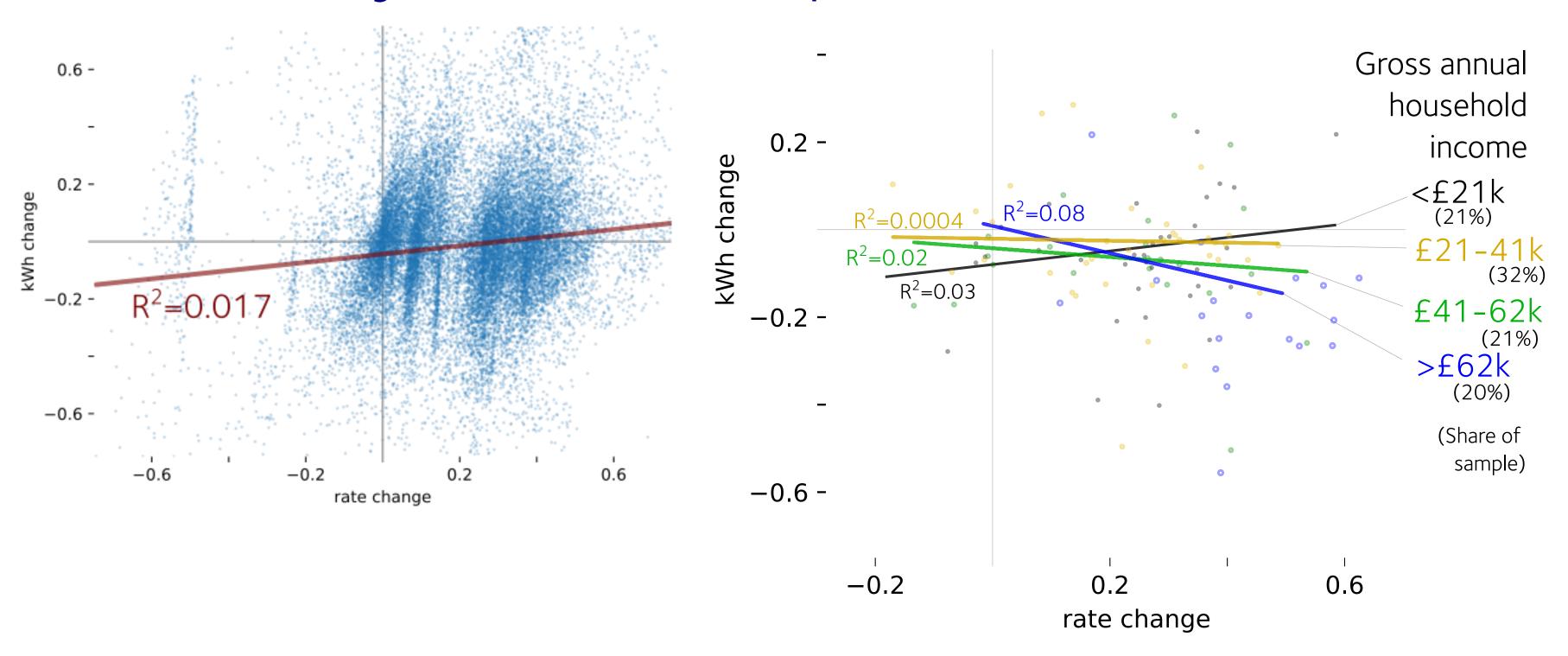


Medium data: negative price elasiticity?

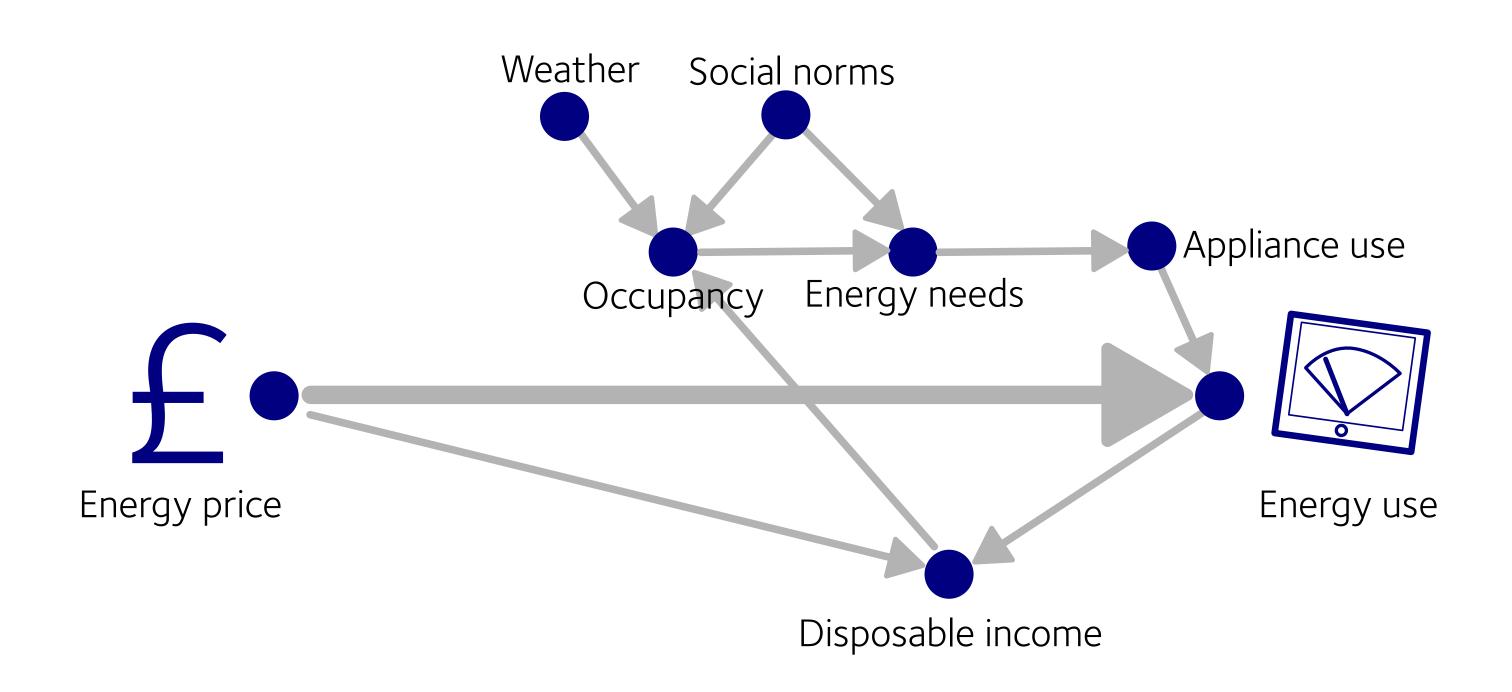


Big data: ... it depends

Price elasticity is weak and depends on circumstances



Causal model: What causes energy demand to change?



No data: I think... people will never give up dinner for DSR

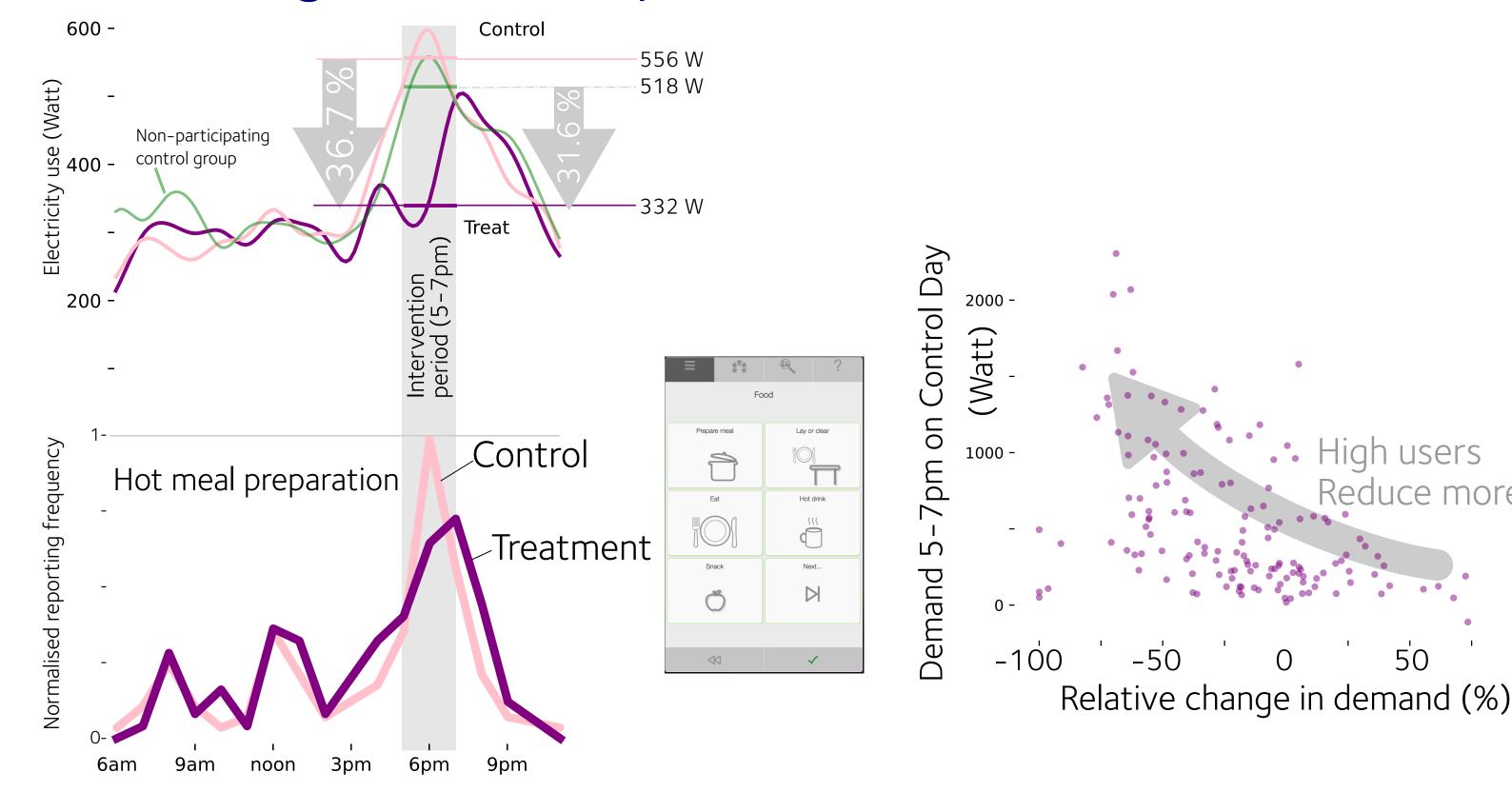
Please,
1) Keep a diary
2) Reduce demand
5pm to 7pm

P(E | Life)

P(E | Life + do (Ask))

Little Data: Control and intervention:

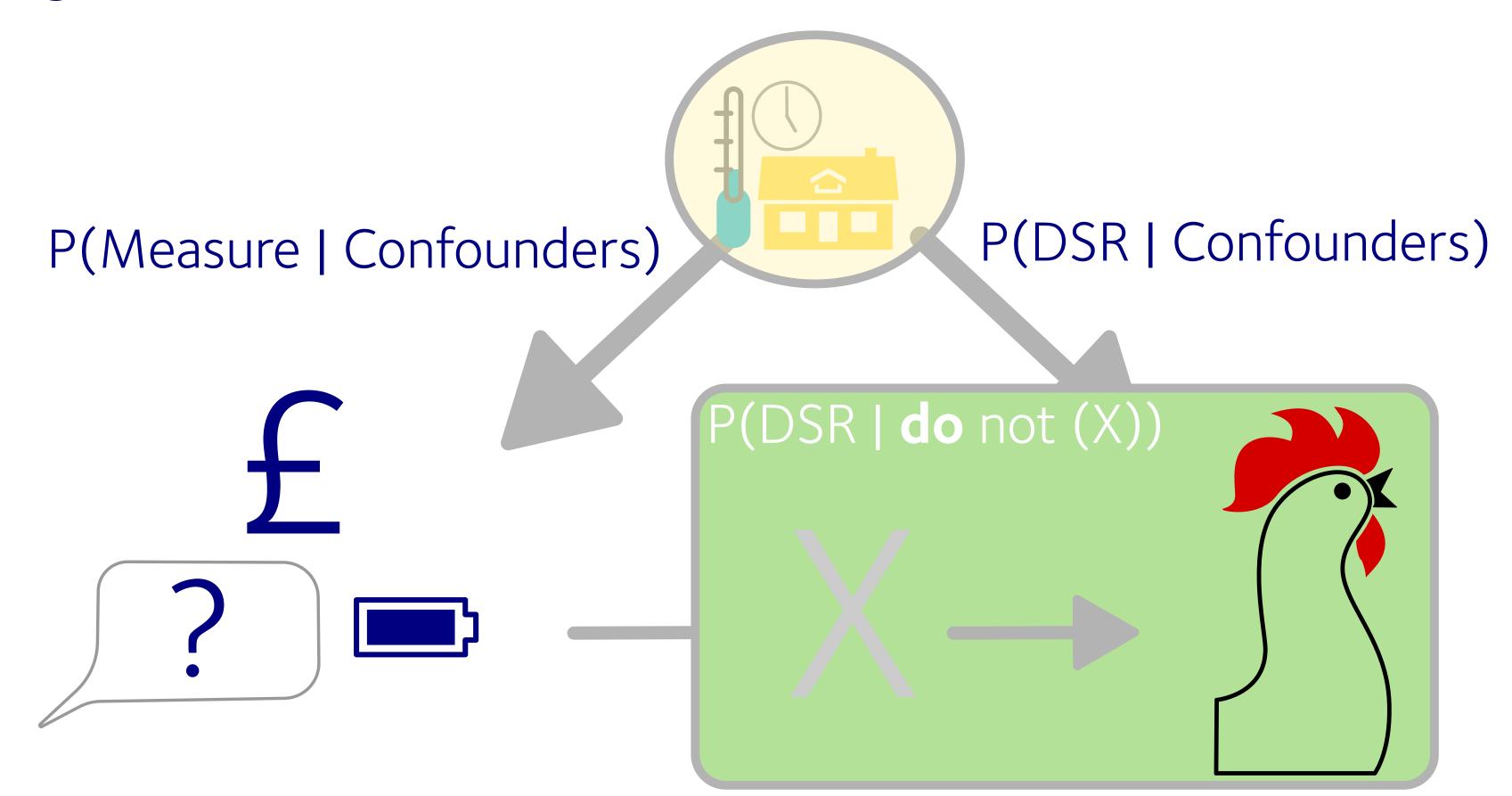
Responses are significant, repeatable and effective



Reduce more

100

Big data: Who/what delivers demand side responses?

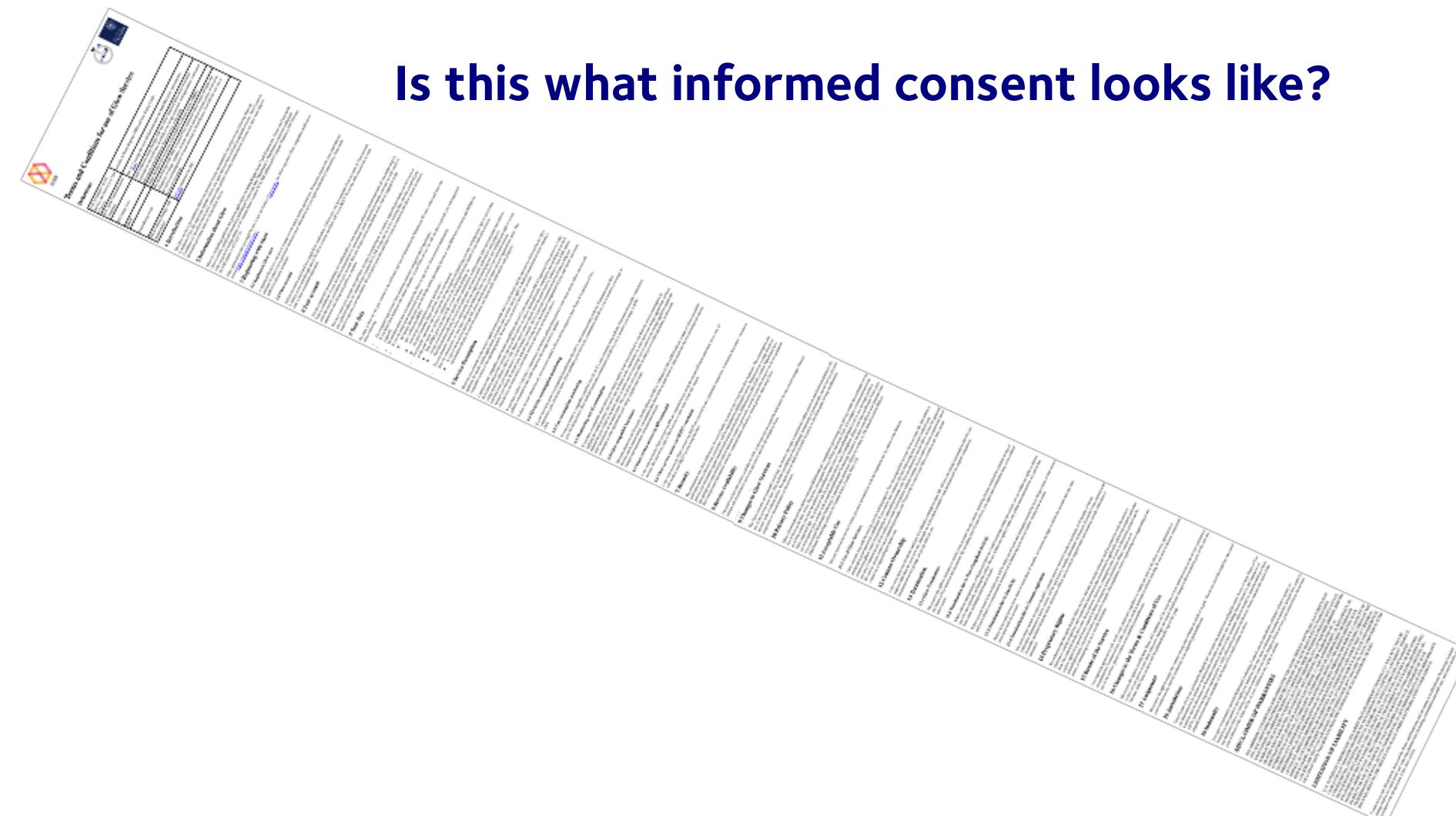


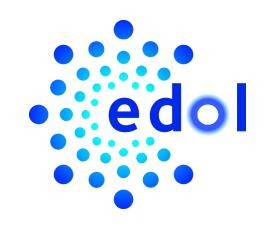
"Understanding human behaviour isn't rocket science

– it's harder"

Edward Tufte







It is unclear what is sensitive and why

Energy use?

EPCs are public



Lights and windows

are visible to all

Privacy?

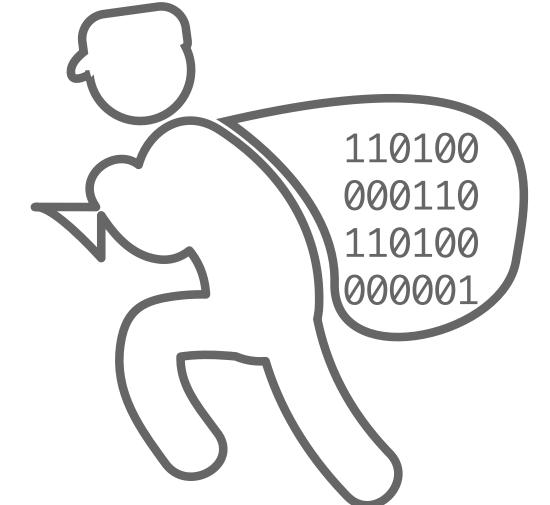
Spying spouses



Profiles reveal faith

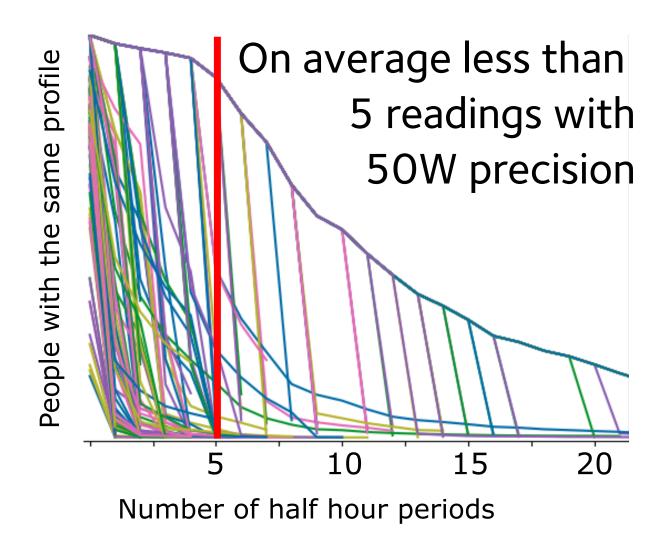
Identity?

How unique is the data



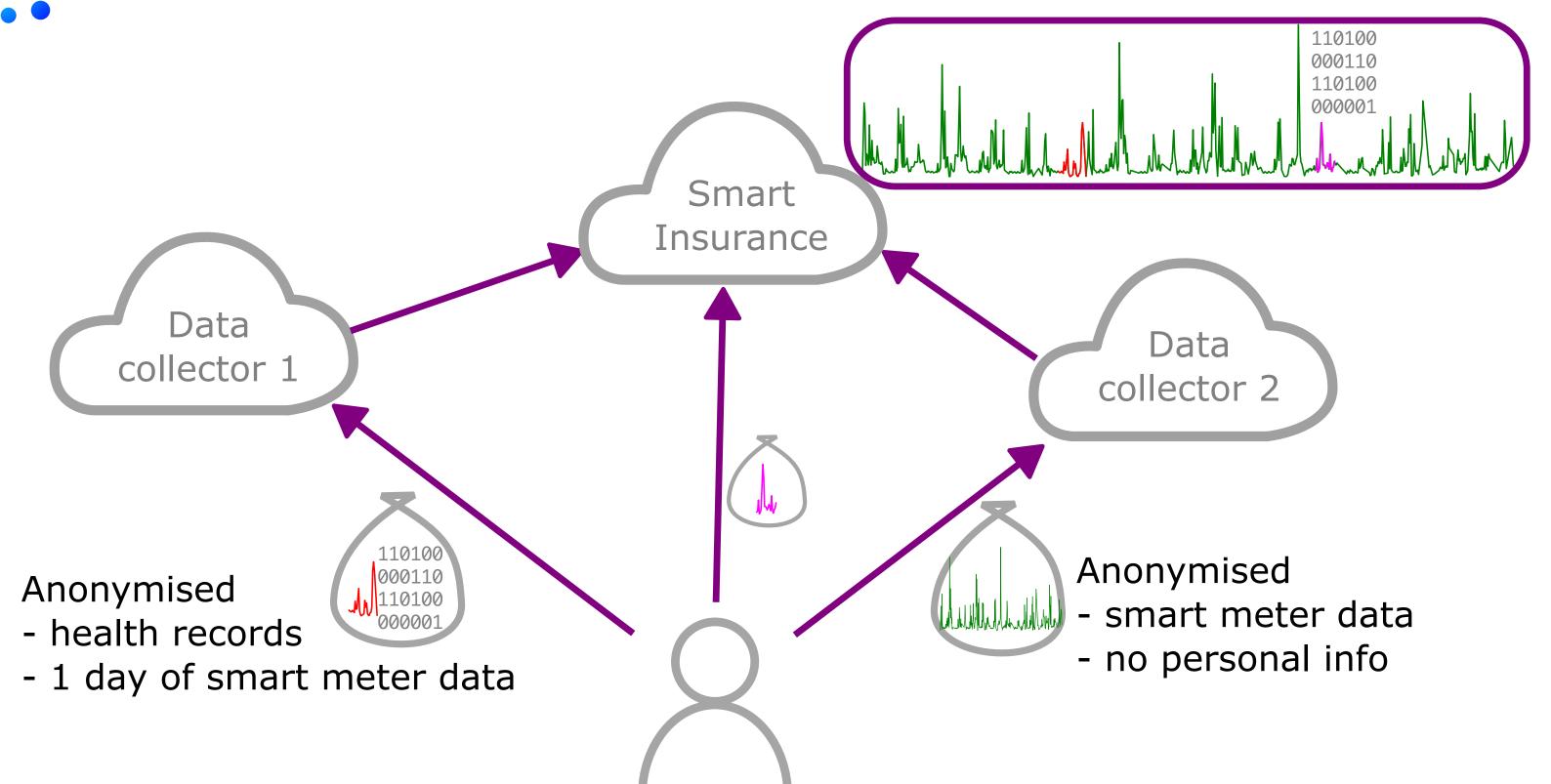


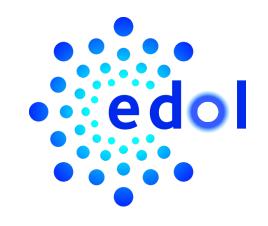
How much smart meter data does it take to uniquely identify you?





edol Linking can turn harmless data into revealing data





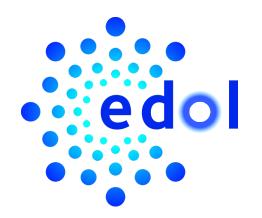
We need to de-identify data while maintaining data integrity

Approaches

1) Aggregate Rule of '10' (or 3?) - arbitrary, defusing and unreliable

2) Cluster Maintains some relevant features (e.g. heat pump cluster)

3) Synthesise Allows to generate even hypothetical profiles



Interested?

Get in touch!



Turn energy data into a force for good



Fully funded* DPhil in Energy Data Privacy

Energy equity, security and decarbonisation can benefit from ethical uses of personal data. Oxford has access to large personal data sets. Apply machine learning tools to synthesise and share them responsibly.

Start October 2024 - see edol.uk/dphil

*for home students











edol The Energy Demand Observatory and Laboratory

EDOL is











- Establishes a new energy data resource over 5 years
- Large scale (>2000 GB homes)
- Longitudinal (extend SERL, run until net-zero?)
- Un-intrusive and low cost
- Intrusive and expensive

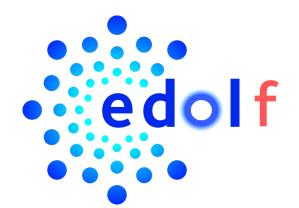


Deliver

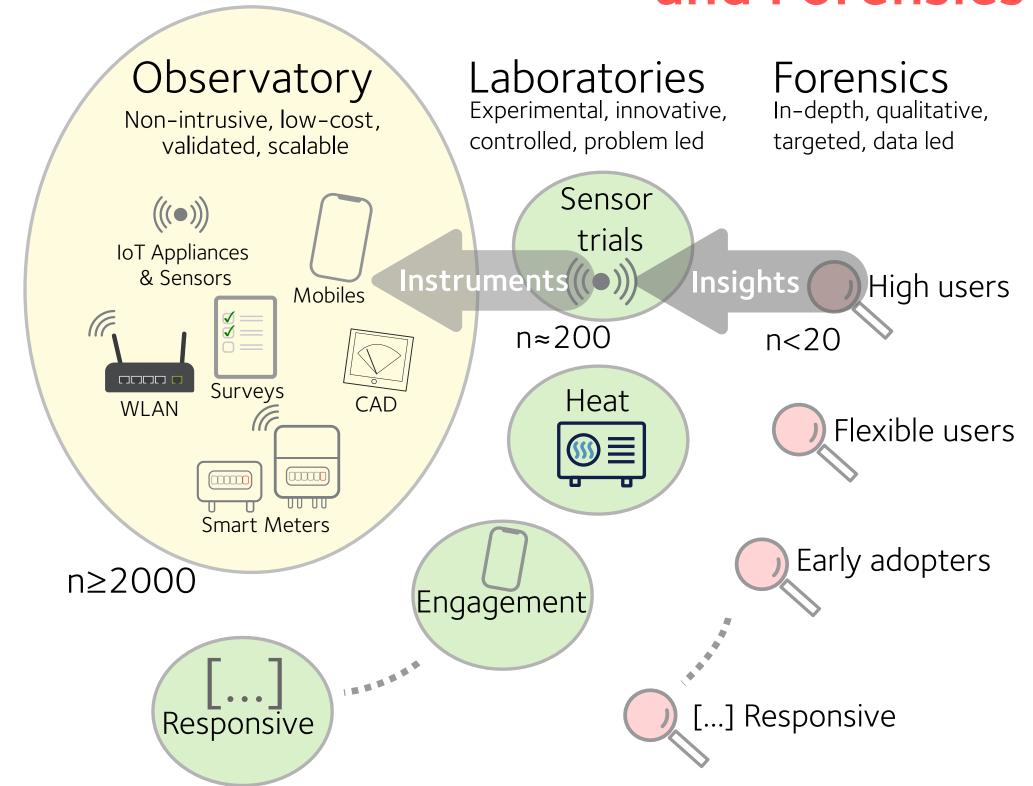
- 1) sociotechnical research for a scientific understanding of energy use
- 2) responsive research to a fast-moving technological and policy landscape
- 3) make data available to scientists, industry and policymakers
- 4) data-driven approaches to energy data collection, analysis and access
- 5) **innovate** new, cost-effective smart data solutions for collecting energy data at scale

...and my own

- 1) **spend to save** drive down effort and cost per home (make EDOL2,3 & 4 no-brainers)
- 2) share establish EDOL as the goto place for household energy data

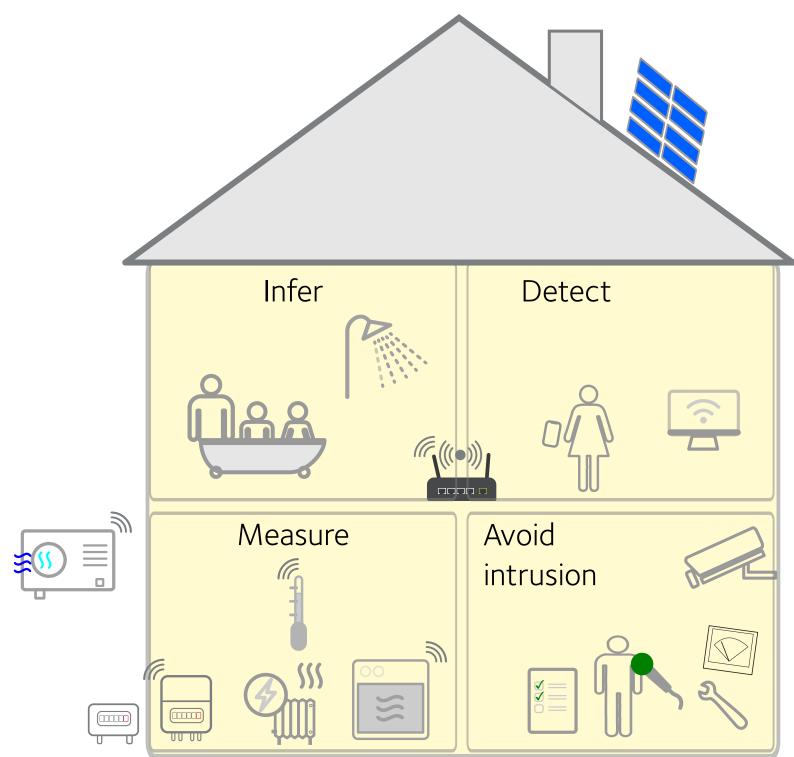


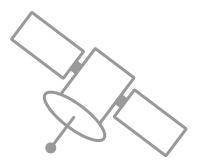
Energy Demand Observatory and Laboratoryand Forensics





Observatory





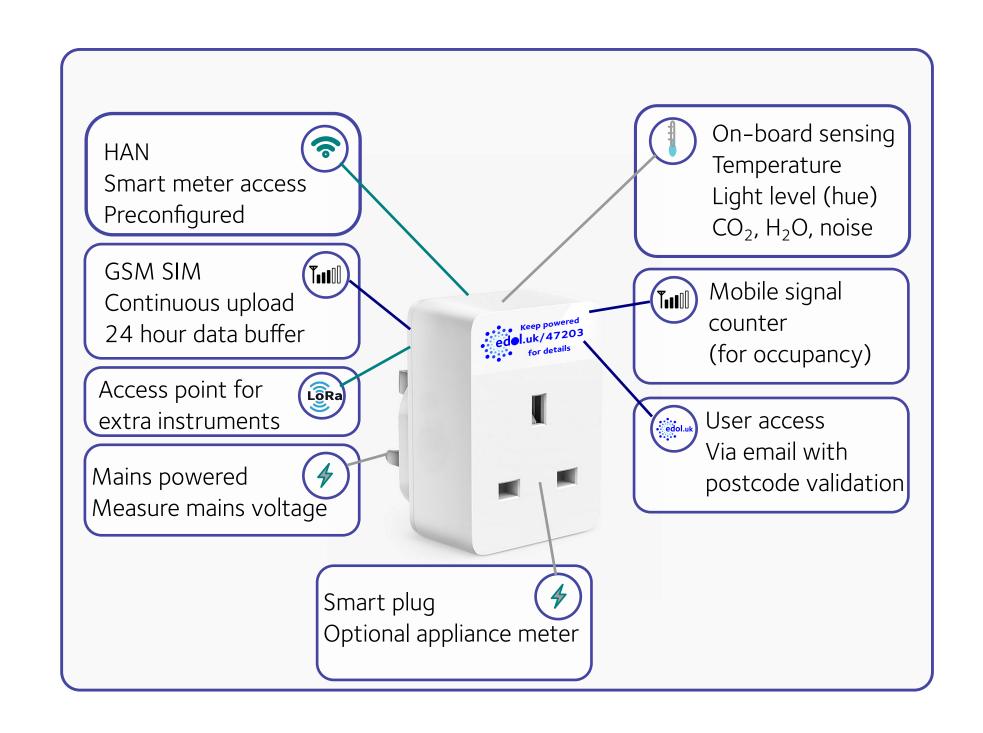
Key development steps

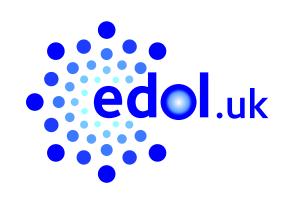
- 1) Identify and validate technology options
- 2) Minimise the need for hardware and intrusion
- 3) Use accessible sources of data





EDOL Dream Data Instrument (EDDI)







Thank you

