

07 February 2023

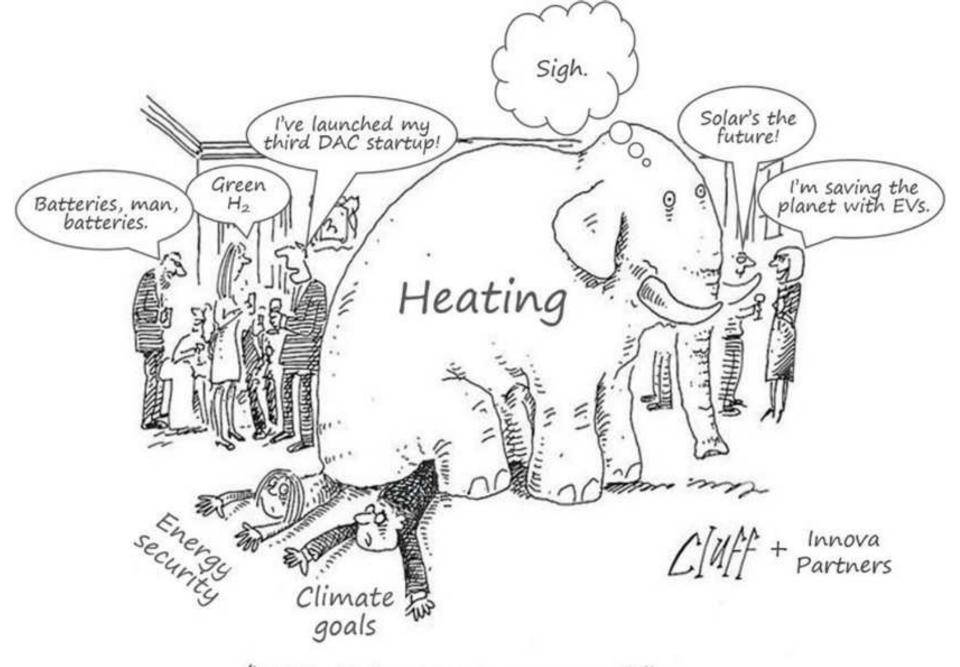
Heat pumps: how to scale this critical clean energy technology across the world?

Oxford University, Energy Seminar

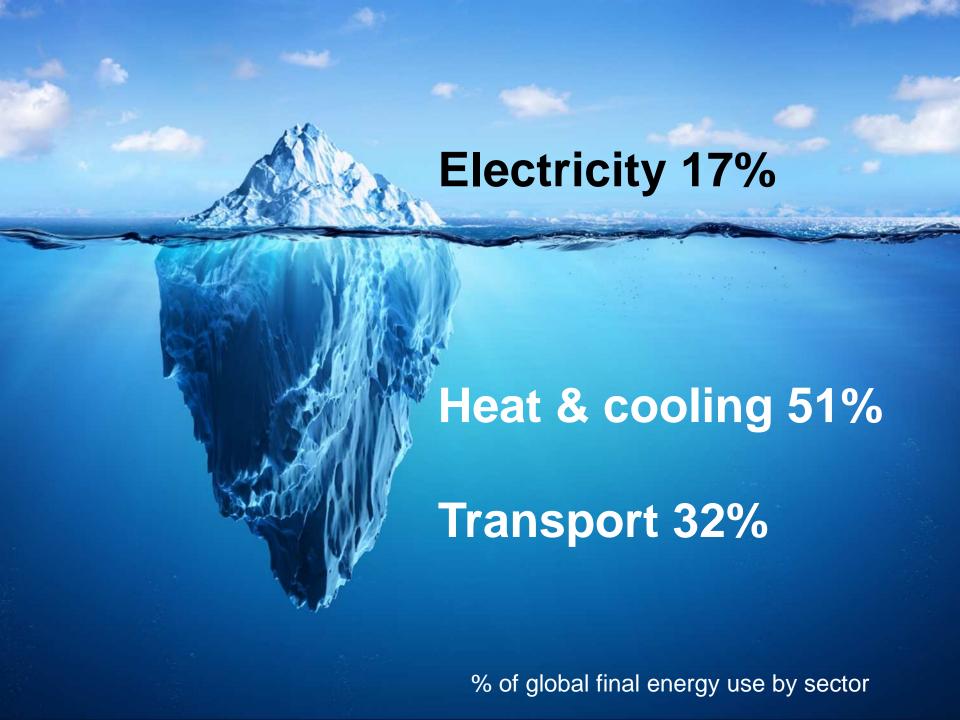
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Director of European Programmes
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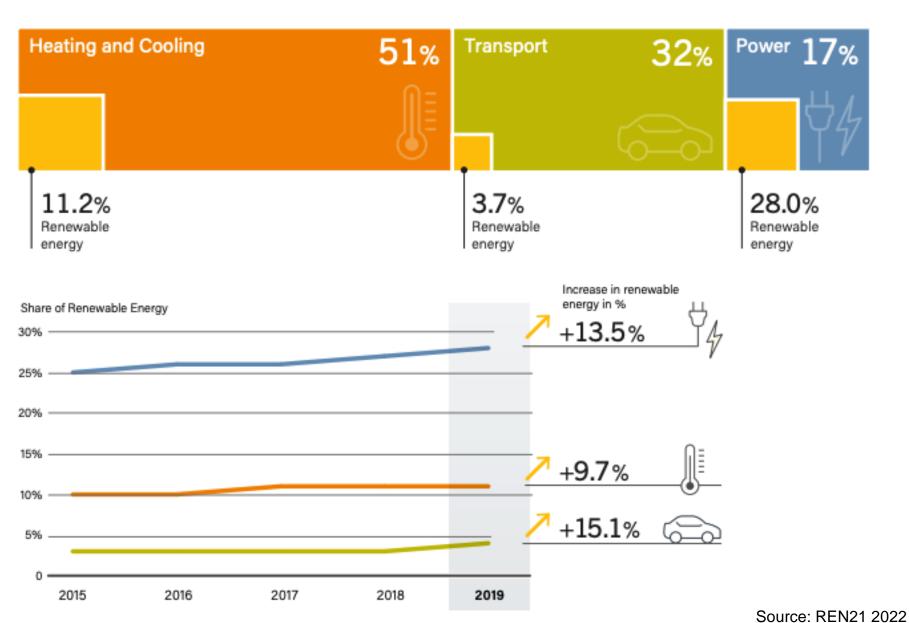
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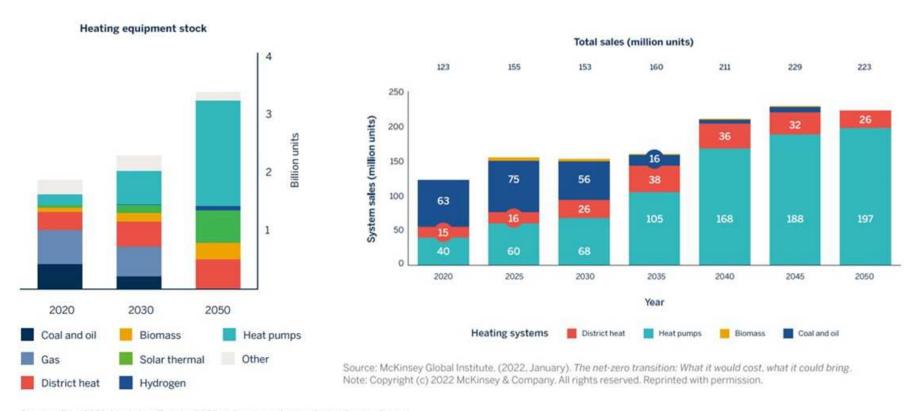


"HAVE YOU NOTICED IT, TOO ?"



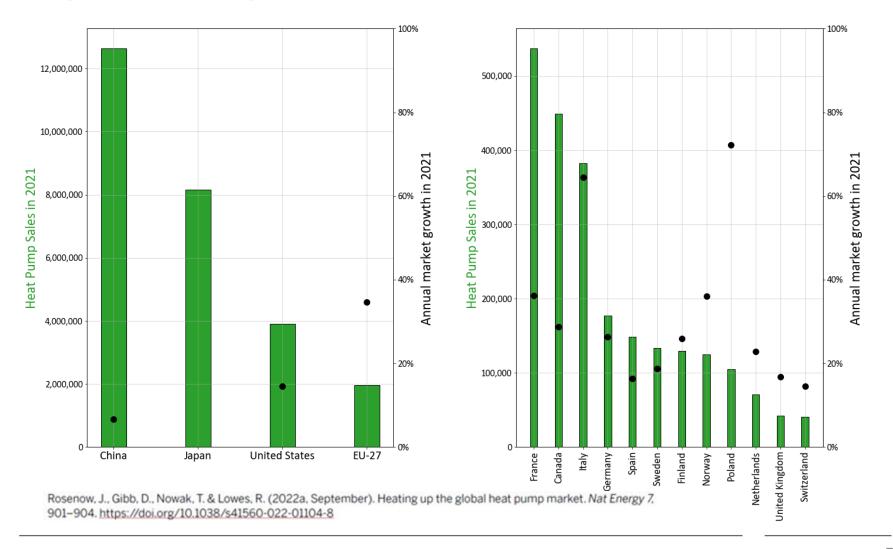


Heat pumps are a critical technology for heat decarbonisation



Source: IEA. (2021, May). Net Zero by 2050: A Roadmap for the Global Energy Sector.

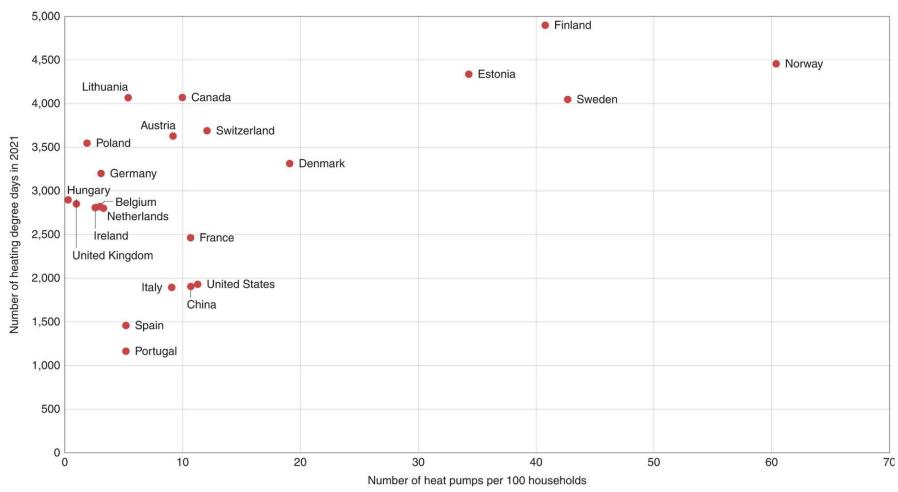
Significant growth in major markets in 2021



Early signs of significant growth in 50% **Europe in 2022** 37%* 100%* 100%* 95%* 30%

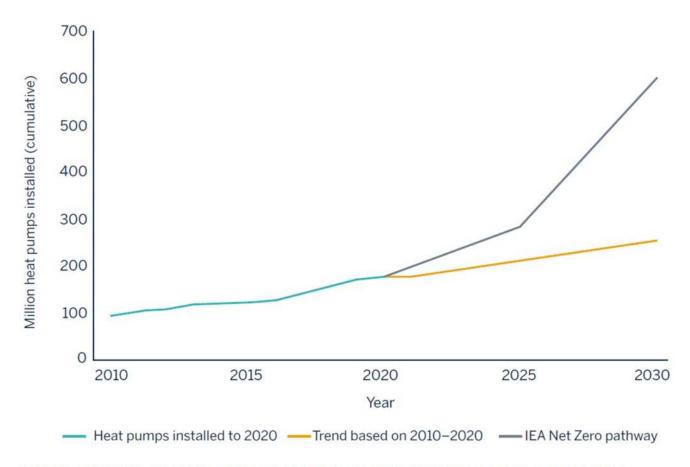
^{*} preliminary data

Most heat pumps in coldest climates



Rosenow, J., Gibb, D., Nowak, T. & Lowes, R. (2022a, September). Heating up the global heat pump market. *Nat Energy 7*, 901–904. https://doi.org/10.1038/s41560-022-01104-8

A step change is needed



Rosenow, J., Gibb, D., Nowak, T. & Lowes, R. (2022a, September). Heating up the global heat pump market. Nat Energy 7, 901-904. https://doi.org/10.1038/s41560-022-01104-8









A policy toolkit for global mass heat pump deployment



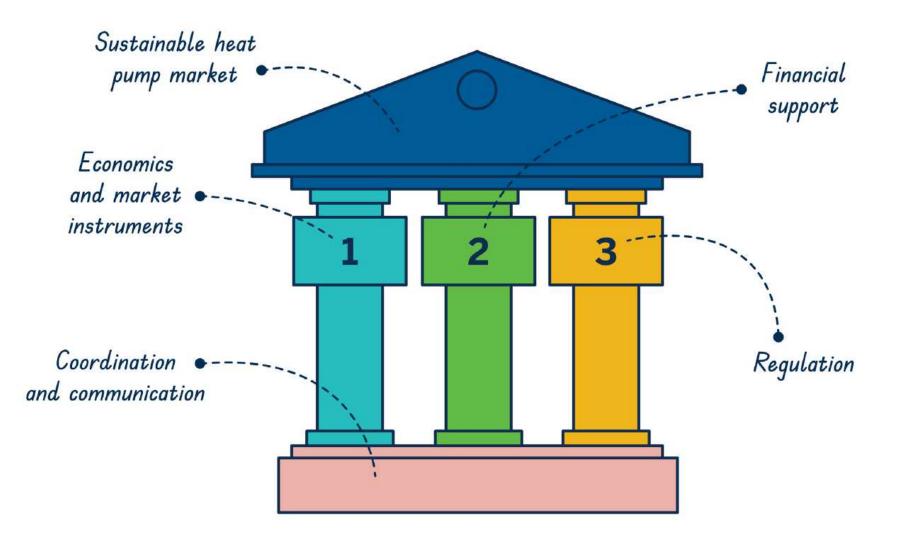






Historical progress on heat pumps can inform the future

- 1. Packages of policy and regulatory measures
- 2. Pricing reform and financial support
- 3. Softer measures on skills and engagement
- 4. Policy support needs to be sustained



Country	Coordination	Communications	Training	Economic & market	Financial support	Regulations
China ^{26,27}					Subsidies	Minimum energy performance standard (MEPS)
Switzerland ²⁸	Conferences	Exhibition	Installer training, driller quality label		Subsidies	Non-renewable standard, labelling
Sweden ^{29,30}	Expert groups	Public demonstrations, information, and advice	Training of installers	Increased tax on oil	Subsidies and loans	Labelling
Denmark ³¹	Promotion		Quality assurance for installers	Increased taxation of electricity, but not fossil fuels (!)	Subsidies	Electric resistance and oil ban
Finland ^{32,33}		Messaging boards to improve consumer confidence		Increased fossil fuel taxation	Subsidies, tax deductions	Building codes account for carbon intensity of heat

Detailed analysis of taxes and levies on heating fuels in Europe



Energy Policy

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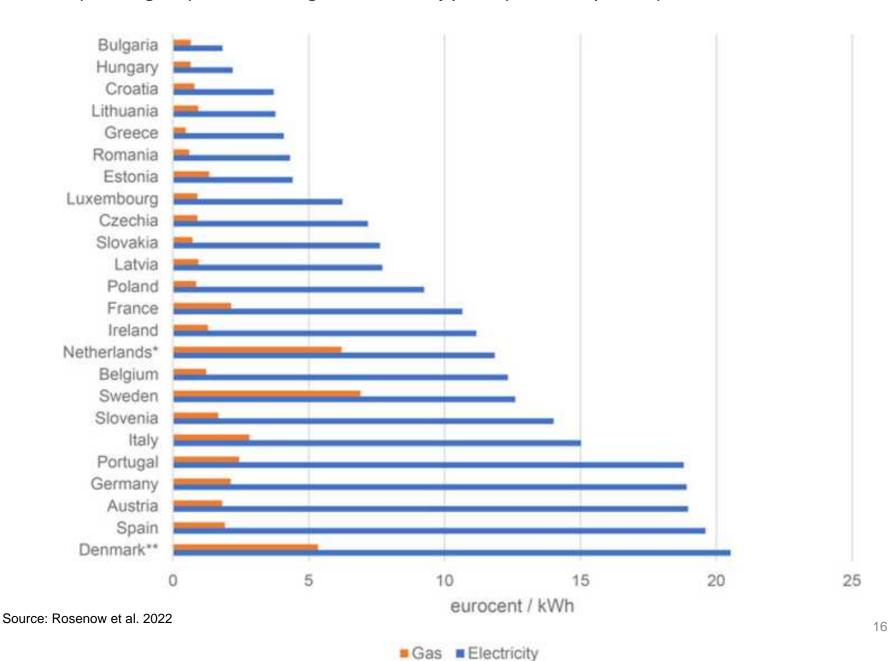


Clean heating: Reforming taxes and levies on heating fuels in Europe

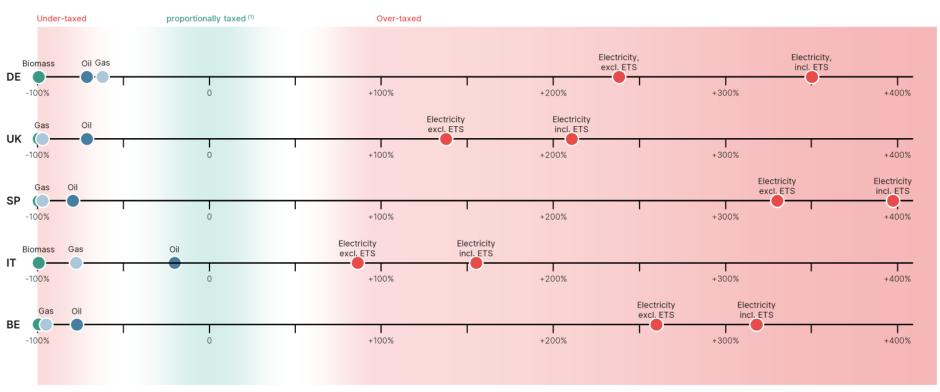
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Jan Rosenow<sup>a b</sup> ♀ ☒, Sam Thomas<sup>a</sup> ☒, Duncan Gibb<sup>a</sup> ☒, Ruben Baetens<sup>c</sup> ☒,

Andries De Brouwer<sup>c</sup> ☒, Jan Cornillie<sup>c</sup> ☒
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Levies and taxes (including VAT) on residential gas and electricity prices (euro cents per kWh) in EU Member States



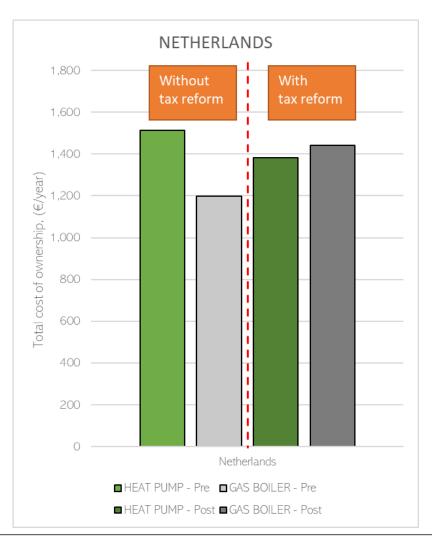
Heating fuels very unevenly priced



- (1) Proportionallity is defined as when the total energy taxation (2) is almost equal to the environmental externalities (3)
- (2) The total energy taxes have been defined by RAP & 3E based on all national or regional levies and taxes, valid in each country in 2022
- (3) Envinromental externalities have been defined by RAP & 3E based on CE Delft (2019) "Milieuschadekosten van verschillende technologieën voor woningverwarming"

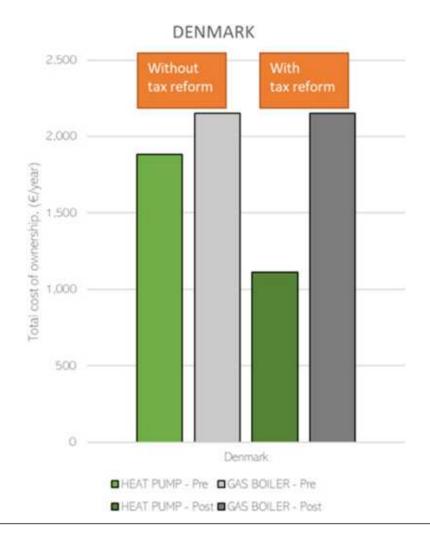
Source: Rosenow et al. 2022

Tax reform in Netherlands



Source: Rosenow et al. 2022

Tax reform in Denmark



Source: Rosenow et al. 2022

Regulation - example: banning fossil fuel heating

Ireland

 De facto ban of oil (2022) and gas (2025) boilers for new buildings

Germany

 Ban on installation of monofuel oil/coal boilers from 2026 (new and existing buildings)

Min. 65% renewable energy in newly installed heating systems from 2024

Denmark

- Use obligation for renewable heating
- Different zones with exemption regulations

Netherlands

- De facto ban of connection to the gas grid for new buildings from 2018
- De facto ban on installation of (pure) fossil gas boilers from 2026

Slovenia

- Ban on installation and sale of coal/oil boilers from 2023
- Ban on installation of fossil boilers (including gas) in new buildings from 2023

Belgium

- National ban of sale of fossil oil boilers by 2035
- Further regional regulations, for example: Flanders - Ban on installation of oil (2022) and gas (2025) boilers in new buildings

Austria

- Ban on installation of coal/oil boilers from 2020 (new buildings)
- Ban on installation of gas boilers from 2023 (new buildings)
- Decommissioning rule for coal, oil and gas boilers

Greece

- Ban on sale and installation of oil boilers from 2025
- Ban on sale of (pure) fossil heating oil from 2030

Source: Braungardt et al. forthcoming

France

 De facto ban of coal/oil boilers in new and existing builings from 2022

European Commission considers fossil fuel phase-out date for 2029



REPowerEU Actions



MAY 2022

A fair transition



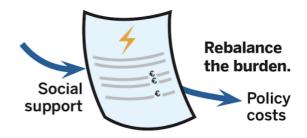
Ensure 'fossil free first' for low-income households.







Subsidise the technology switch.





How heat pumps got hot

Why an eco-friendly heating system is the new must-have bit of home ${\bf kit-and\ where\ to\ get\ yours}$







About RAP

The Regulatory Assistance Project (RAP)® is an independent, non-partisan, non-governmental organization dedicated to accelerating the transition to a clean, reliable, and efficient energy future.

Learn more about our work at raponline.org

