RENEWABLE MICROGRIDS COVERING THE HEAT AND ELECTRICITY NEEDS OF

INDUSTRIAL PARKS



Oxford Energy Seminar Michaelmas Term, Week 2 18/10/2022

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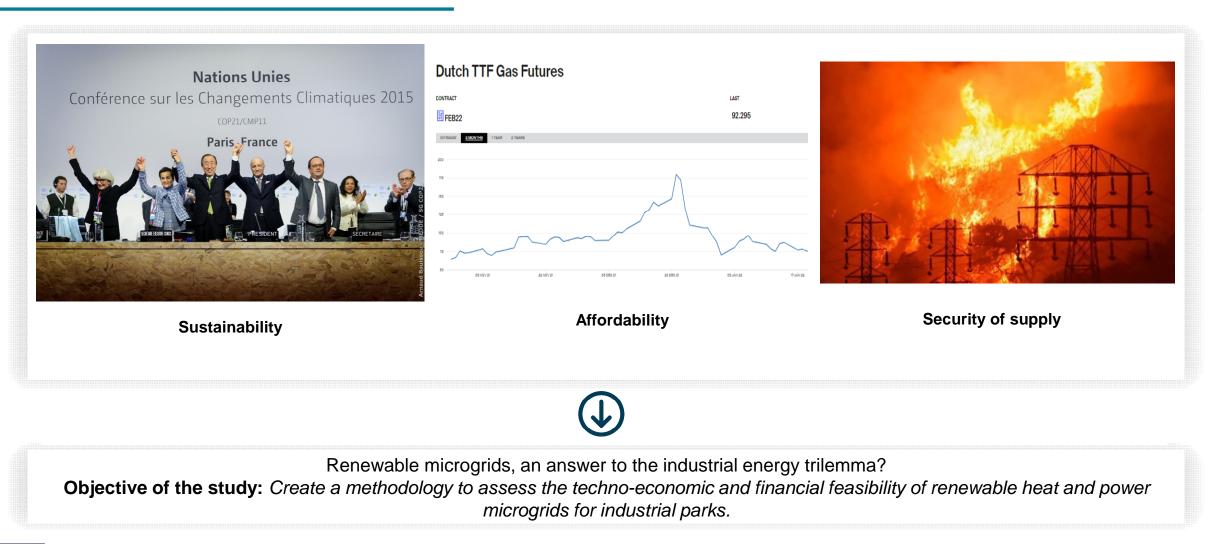


Presentation



Education	
Oxford University – Oxford, United Kingdom MSc in Energy Systems	October 2020 – June 2021
Study the energy system on a technical, political, economic point of view to make it more sustainable in the future.	
EDHEC Business School – Nice, France	September 2017 – September 2020
Finance Economics degree – Double Degree with Ecole Centrale de Lille – Grande Ecole MSc in Corporate Finance and Banking.	
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École Centrale - Lille, France Engineering degree – Grande Ecole	September 2015 – September 2020
Emericanese in Energy Description	
Experiences in Energy Decentralization	
University of Oxford & Veolia – Academic Master Thesis	
"Renewable microgrids covering heat and electricity needs of industrial parks."	
 Creation of a sizing and identification methodology of renewable microgrids for industrial parks. Dublication and participation to ECEEE Summer Study 2022 	
 Publication and participation to ECEEE Summer Study 2022. 	
EDHEC Business School – Academic Master Thesis	
 "Mini grids optimal portfolio strategy: aggregating diverse mini grid technologies." 	
• Study of the impact of power generation diversification (biomass, solar PV and hydro) on the risk return profile of a portfolio of mini gr	
 Publication in The Handbook of Energy Policy (2022), F.Taghizadeh-Hesary & D.Zhang. Award winner of the Veolia 2020 Performance 	ce Trophy and GARP Research Fellowship.
EDF R&D Singapore Lab – Research Intern	
 Creation of strategy and tools enabling the development of microgrid projects in Southeast Asia. 	
 Launch of pilot projects in Myanmar and Indonesia. 	

Motivation







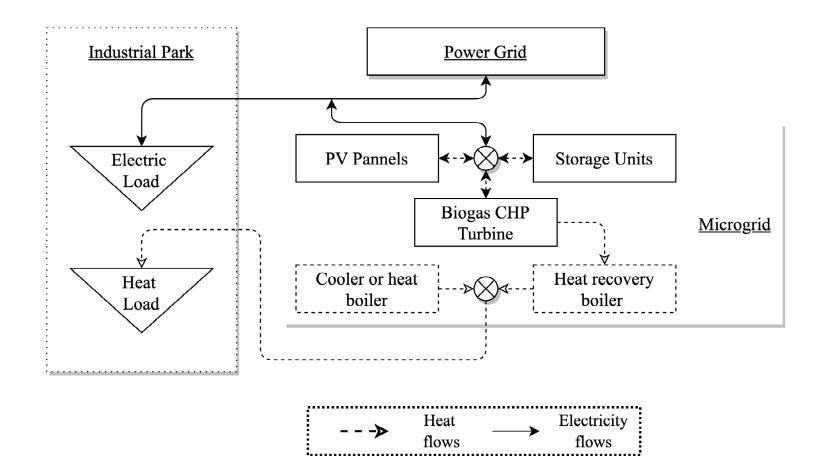
Introduction



Case study – UK industrial park

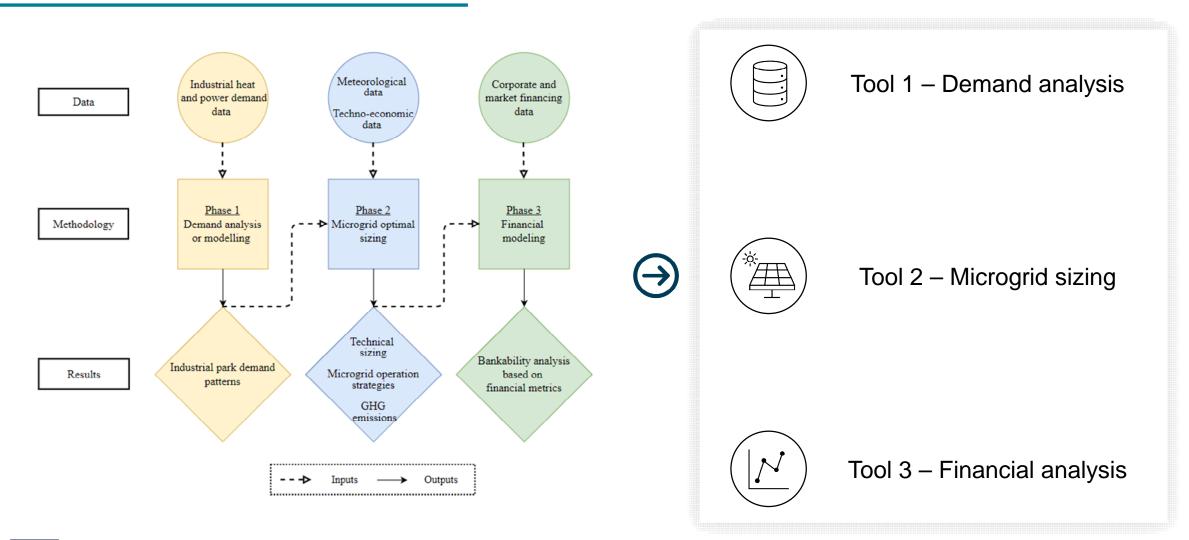


Design a renewable microgrid to meet the heat and electricity demand of an industrial park





Techno-economic methodology organized in three steps







DXFORI

Introduction

Methodology

Case study – UK industrial park



Industrial park in the UK with high electricity and heat demand

1- Context

- Located in the UK
- Industrial park specialized in Food & Beverage
- 175 000 m², on which 89% is production area

2- Energy Consumption

- Average Hourly Capacity: 21.4 MW
- Average Daily Consumption: 515 MWh
- Total Yearly Consumption: 188 GWh
- **3- Carbon intensity**
 - 258 gCO2eg/kWh*

14 12 Average Daily Capacity [MW] 8 6 2 0 January April June September December

— Heat

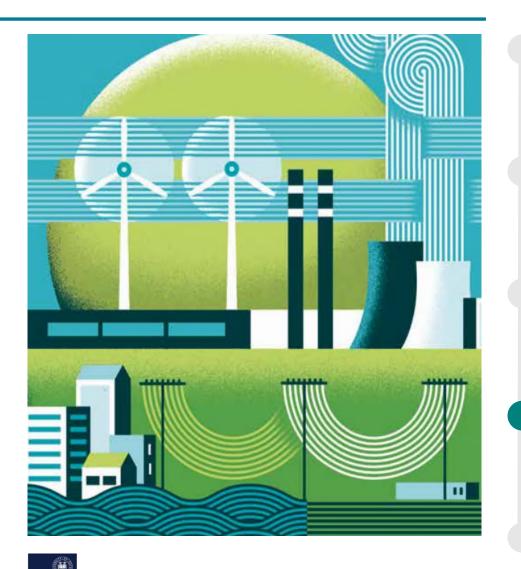
Coolina

* The carbon intensity of the industrial park was computed using the carbon intensity of the electrical national grid, and natural gas power for heating and cooling



Industrial Park Energy Consumption

Electricitv



OXFORI

Introduction

Methodology

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Solution design, performance and financial assessments

Sizing	Solar PV (MW)	BESS (MWh)	CHP (MW)	Cooler (MW)
Microgrid	23.1	25.0	14.8	3.6

Resiliency

- 10.2% of electricity was imported from the grid
- 95% of the time industrial park is relying on the microgrid

Carbon

- The average yearly carbon intensity is 97.5 gCO2eq/kWh
- Reduction of 62.2% of the GHG emissions compared to the grid carbon intensity
- Reduction of 30% compared to the industrial partner solution

Financial

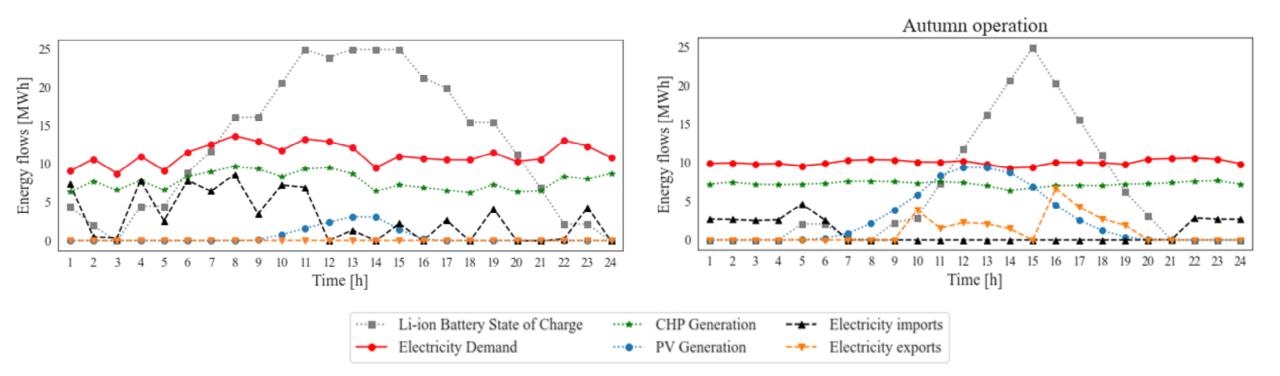
- CAPEX: \$65,000,000
- OPEX: \$6,000,000



The resiliency of the solution was tested on a critical day and during various seasons

Critical Day Operation Analysis







Potential improvements

1- Microgrid sizing

- The CHP and Cooling units sizings could be improved by introducing heat storage solutions
- Coding could also be improved to reduce the computation time

2- Storage systems

• Agile storage systems, improving the profitability and operation efficiency of the solution

3- Profitability and project development

- High profitability ratios for the solution and the industry.
 - Integration of more accurate project prices (technology, financing...)
- Biogas supply chain creation is more expensive that what was estimated in the project





Introduction

Methodology

Case study – UK industrial park



Discussion: How can this solution be further investigated or implemented in a pilot project?

Metadata analysis estimation



- Combine industrial heat and power load curves to create fictive microgrids (using tool 1).
- Target the most promising industrial subsectors.
- Target the most promising size, combination of industrial parks

Real industrial park estimation



• Use the methodology and the set of tools to study the bankability of existing industrial microgrids portfolio or as future commercial targets

Pilot project launch



- Identify a first small pilot project
- Feedback and experience on the development of this type of projects
- Ramp-up and definition of strategic roadmap



Contact

Thank you !

Contact

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Papers in Energy Decentralization

University of Oxford & Veolia – Academic Master Thesis

• "Renewable microgrids covering heat and electricity needs of industrial parks." Eflamm Gueguen, David Wallom, Maomao Hu (2022)

EDHEC Business School – Academic Master Thesis

• "Mini grids optimal portfolio strategy: aggregating diverse mini grid technologies." Gianfranco Gianfrate, Eflamm Gueguen (2022) (To be published soon)

